

MAFTIA concepts

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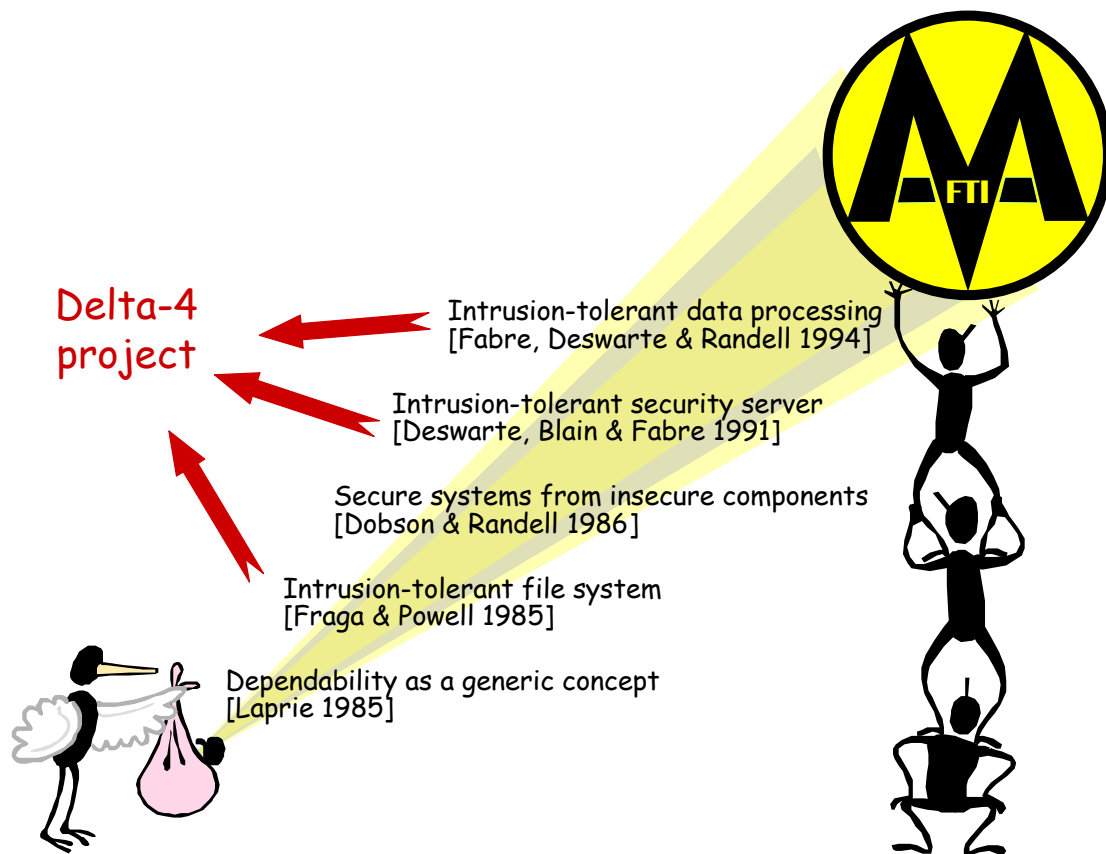
European IST Program
Dependability Initiative

MAFTIA

Malicious- and Accidental-Fault
Tolerance for Internet Applications

University of Newcastle (UK)
University of Lisbon (P)
DERA, Malvern (UK)
University of Saarland (D)
LAAS-CNRS, Toulouse (F)
IBM Research, Zurich (CH)

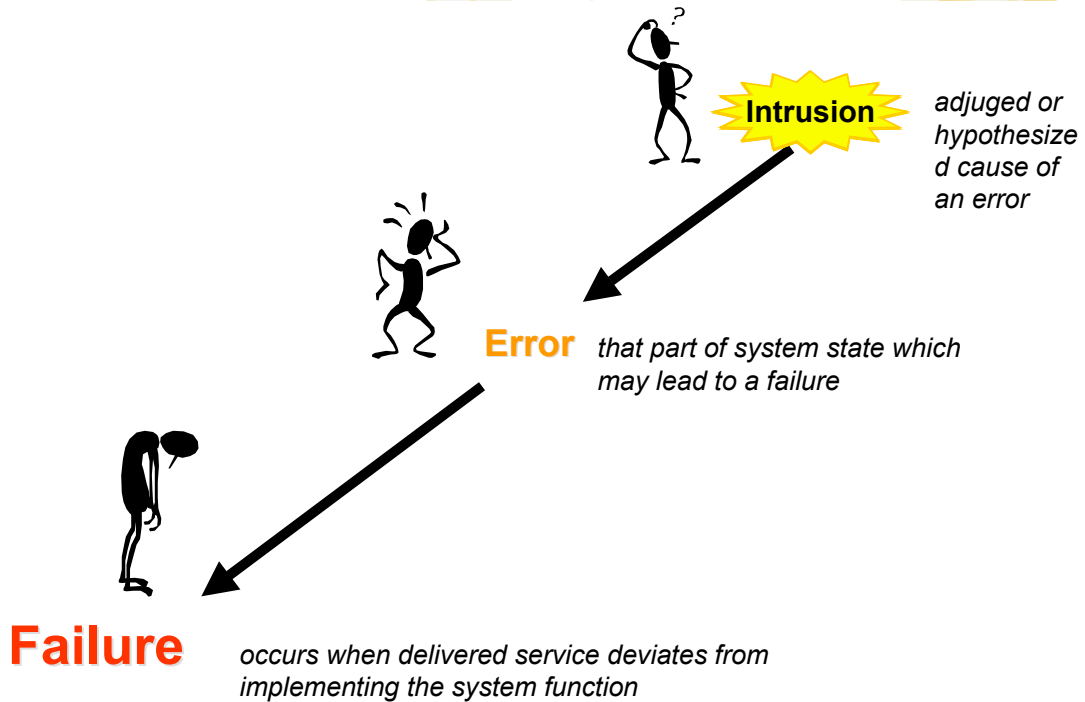
3 years (2000-2002), ~45 man-years, EU funding ~2.5M€



Workplan

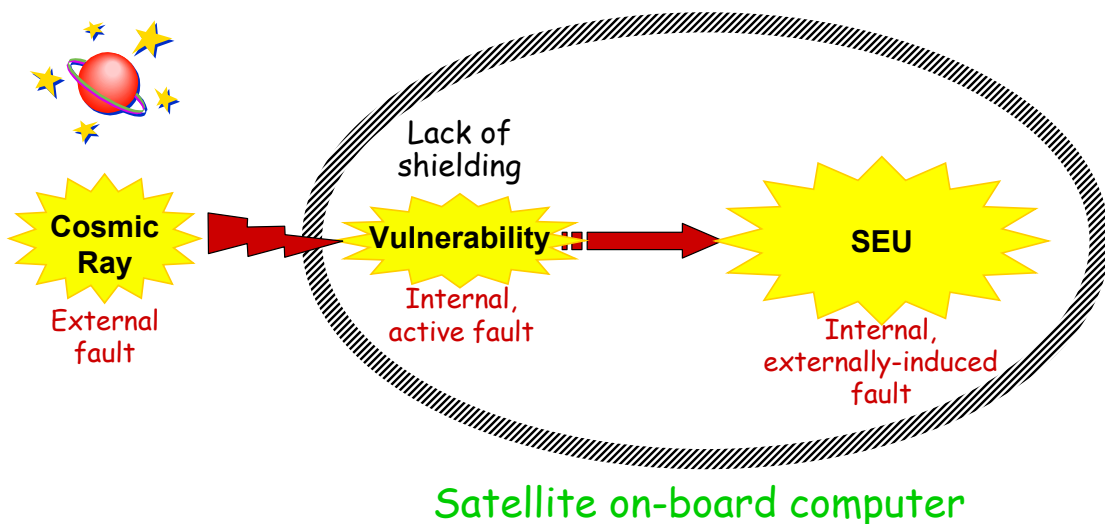
- ❖ **WP1: Conceptual model and architecture**
- ❖ WP2: Dependable middleware
- ❖ WP3: Intrusion detection
- ❖ WP4: Dependable trusted third parties
- ❖ WP5: Distributed authorization
- ❖ WP6: Assessment

Fault, Error & Failure



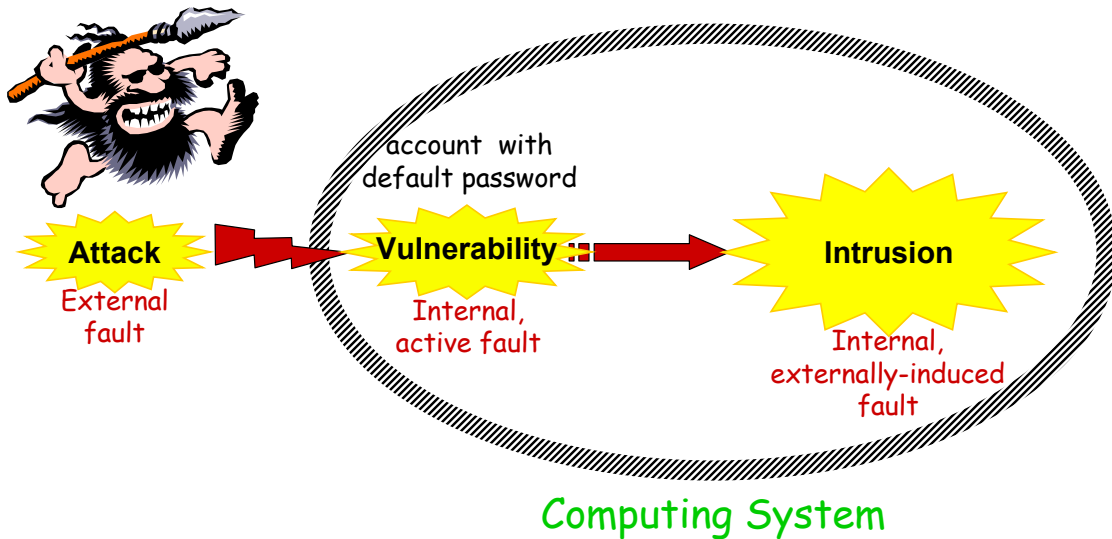
Example: Single Event Upset

SEUs (bit-flips, stuck-at faults, cell destructions) can result from radiation (e.g., cosmic ray, high energy ions)



Intrusions

Intrusions are resulting from
(at least partially) successful attacks:



Dependability obtained through:

Fault prevention

how to prevent the occurrence or introduction of **faults**

Fault tolerance

how to provide a service capable of or implementing the system function despite **faults**

Fault removal

how to reduce the presence (number, severity) of **faults**

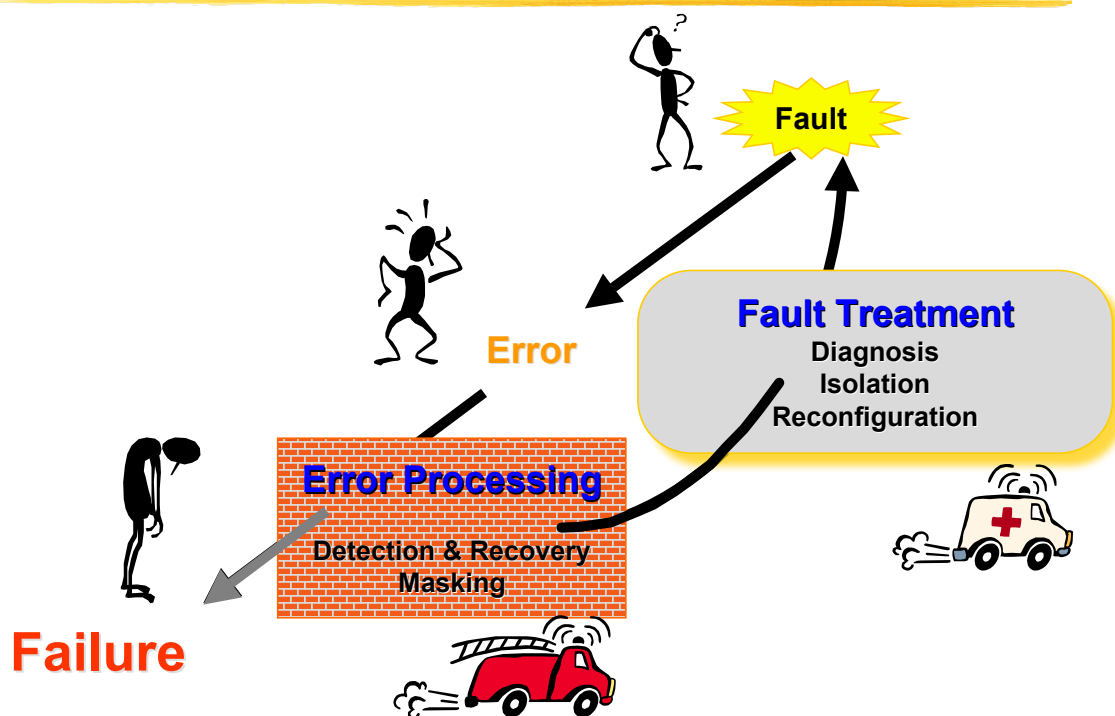
Fault forecasting

how to estimate the presence, creation and consequences of **faults**

For intrusions:

Vulnerability prevention	how to prevent the occurrence or introduction of vulnerabilities
Intrusion prevention	how to prevent the occurrence of intrusions (vulnerability prevention + attack deterrence)
Vulnerability tolerance	synonym for intrusion tolerance
Intrusion tolerance	how to provide a service capable of or implementing the system function despite intrusions
Vulnerability removal	how to reduce the presence (number, severity) of vulnerabilities
Intrusion removal	not meaningful
Vulnerability forecasting	how to estimate the presence, creation and consequences of vulnerabilities
Intrusion forecasting	how to estimate the creation and consequences of intrusions (vulnerability + attack forecasting)

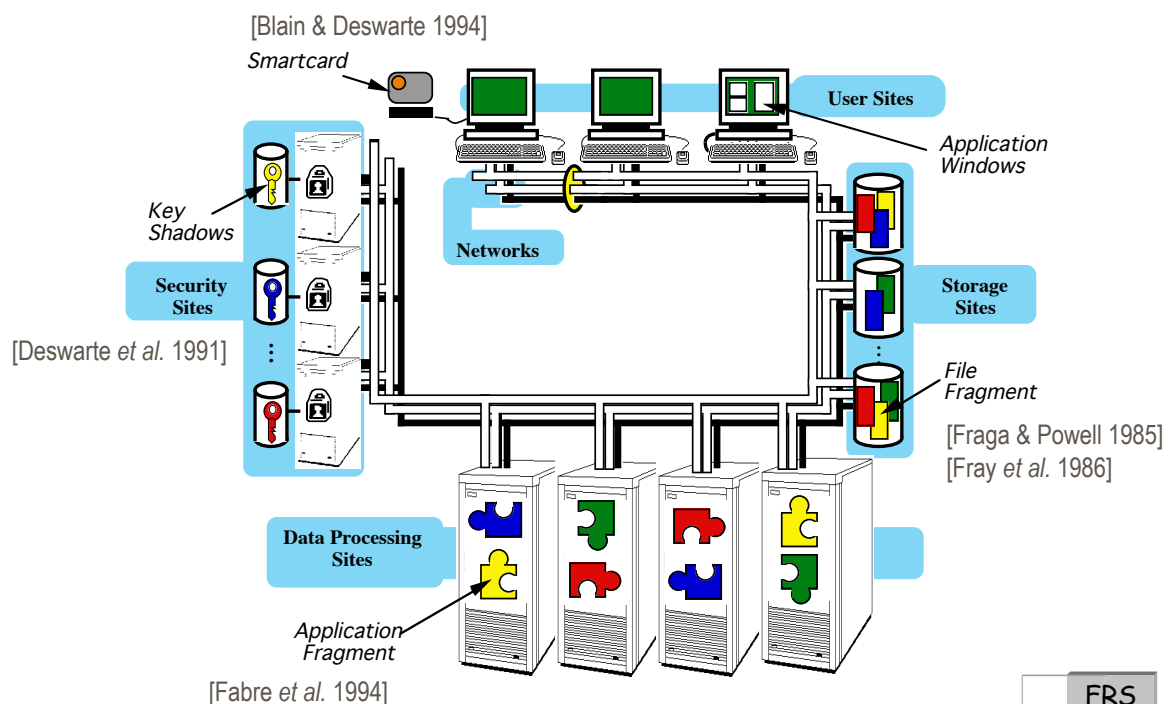
Fault Tolerance

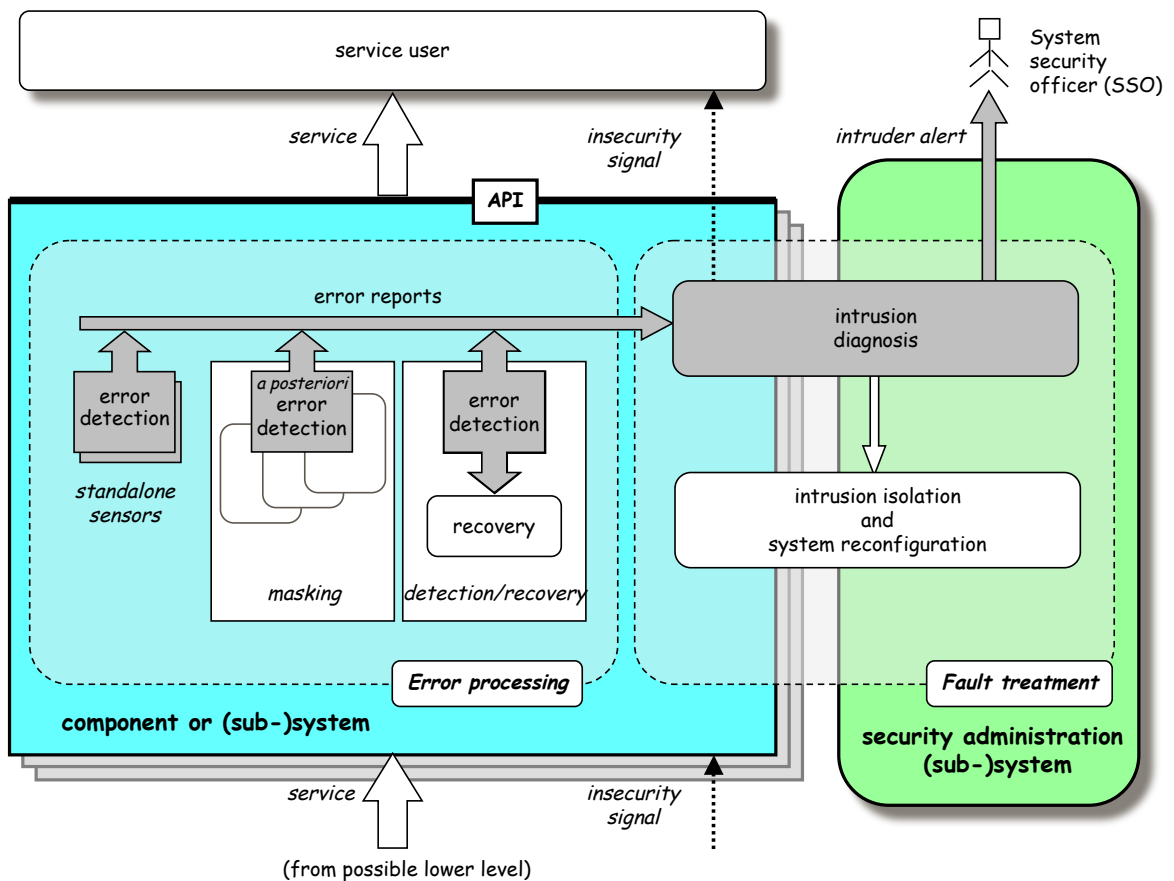
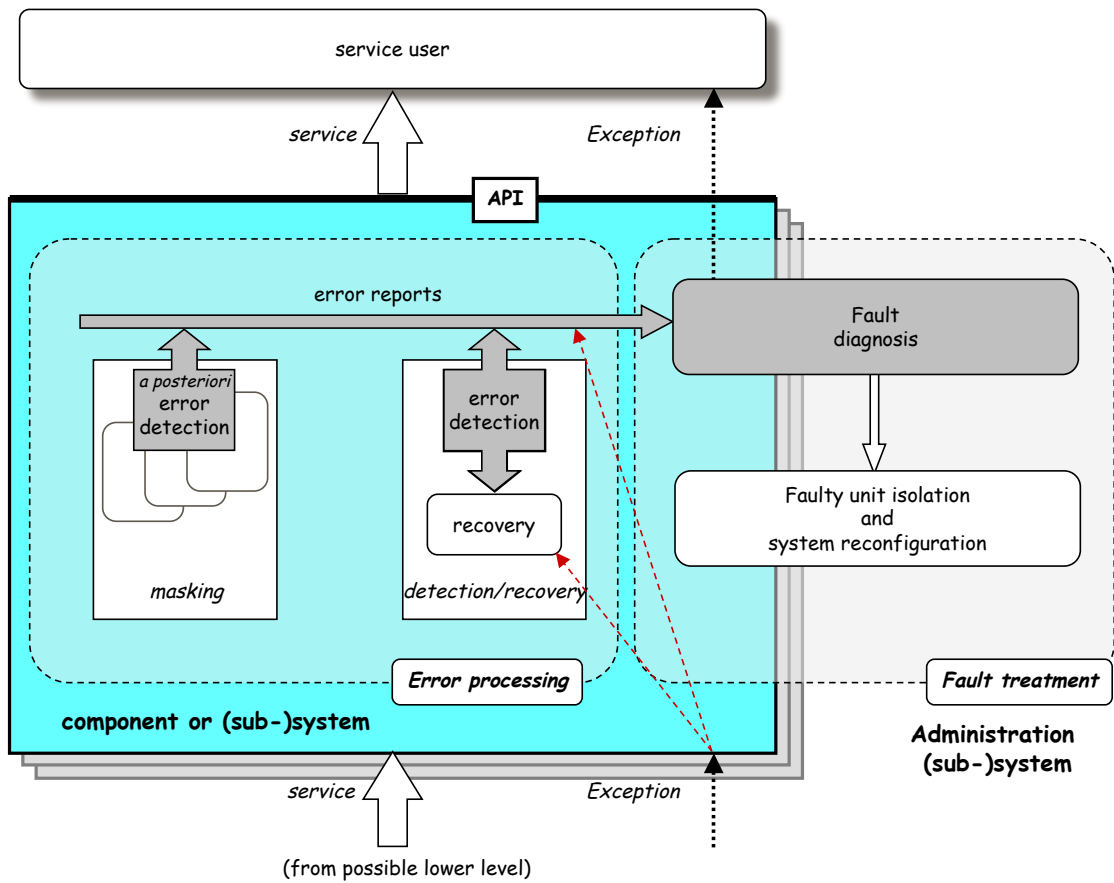


Intrusion tolerance

- ❖ Error processing:
 - Intrusion-symptom detection + recovery
 - Intrusion masking
- ❖ Fault treatment
 - Intrusion diagnosis (+ retaliation?)
 - Vulnerability removal

Intrusion Masking: Delta-4 (86-96)





References

- ❖ Blain, L. and Deswarte, Y. (1994). A Smartcard Fault-Tolerant Authentication Server, in *1st Smart Card Research and Advanced Application Conference (CARDIS'94)*, Lille, France, pp.149-165.
- ❖ Deswarte, Y., Blain, L. and Fabre, J.-C. (1991). Intrusion Tolerance in Distributed Systems, in *Symp. on Research in Security and Privacy*, Oakland, CA, USA, pp.110-121.
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<http://www.research.ec.org/maftia/>

