

Experiences with BFT-SMaRt as a consensus substrate of Permissioned Ledgers

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This session:

EXPERIENCES WITH DEPLOYED BLOCKCHAINS

NEXUS MEDIA NEWS

These companies claim blockchain could help fight climate change

Is it a breakthrough, or just a buzzword?

By Jeremy Deaton Nexus Media January 18, 2018

26 MARCH 2018 | ARTICLES

Blockchain's Fight Against Fake News

BY STEVEN BUCHKO





Madison McVeigh/DityLab/David Ryder/Reuters

The Tech That's Changing How Cities Help the Homeless

SARAH HOLDER / LINDA POON MKY 31, 2018

From mapping apps to the blockchain, new tools are intended to give cities the information they need to address this growing challenge.







By Laura Lovett March 19, 2018

Correction: An earlier version of this story included an incorrect funding amount received by OncoPower.

A new platform exclusively for cancer patients is now registering new users. Witty Healthy's newly launched platform, called **OncoPower**, uses blockchain technology to help patients keep track of their medical data across providers and offer users incentives.





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Outline

- BFT-SMaRt
 - Overview
 - Performance
- BFT-SMaRt in Permissioned Ledgers
 - Symbiont
 - Hyperledger Fabric
 - R3 Corda
- Beyond BFT-SMaRt

Part 1 BFT-SMART

State Machine Replication



Safety: all replicas execute the same sequence of commands **Liveness**: commands issued by correct clients are answered

BFT-SMaRt

http://bft-smart.aithub.io/library/ [Bessani et al. DSN'14]

- Byzantine Fault tolerant state machine replication library written in Java (under development since 2010)
- Tolerates either crash (2f+1 replicas) or Byzantine faults (3f+1 replicas), under a partially synchronous system model
- Available under Apache license



BFT-SMaRt Ordering Protocols



Durability in BFT-SMaRt

[Bessani et al. USENIX ATC'13]

- Techniques for efficient durability
 - Parallel Logging
 - Sequential checkpoints
 - Collaborative state transfer



BFT-SMaRt Reconfiguration

Initiated by the <u>View Manager</u> - a trusted client used by system administrators that adds/removes replicas



BFT-SMaRt Performance

(gigabit Ethernet, no disks)



Performance under "sporadic" events



Part 1

BFT-SMART IN PERMISSIONED LEDGERS



- Startup from NY with 40+ people
- Technology
 - Smart contracts on top of state machine replication
 - BFT-SMaRt ported to Go
- Our involvement
 - Never saw the code
 - We talked a lot about collaboration, but just helped them understand the code and debug the synchronization phase of the protocol



- Open-source blockchain project targeting (at least initially) the financial market
- Key idea: there is no shared global ledger
 - Instead, there are many distributed ledgers





- Only involved participants have to <u>execute</u> and <u>validate</u> the transaction
- A transaction is *committed* only if it achieve
 - Validity consensus: all involved participants need to validate and sign the transaction
 - Uniqueness consensus: requires a notary service





- Notary implements an insert-only key-value store that register all state "consumptions"
- Some specific transaction validation might be executed
- Multiple notaries might be used





- Open-source, modular, permissioned [EuroSys'18]
- Architecture: not all "peers" are equal









- Fabric supports different ordering services modules for different types of consensus
- Current release (v1.2.0) provides two:
 - Centralized module (Solo)
 - Apache Kafka-based module (*Kafka*)
- No module for Byzantine consensus

BFT-SMaRt Ordering Service

[Sousa et al, DSN'18]



BFT-SMaRt Ordering Service



BFT-SMaRt Ordering Service

- Node state (to be persisted and transferred):
 - the ordered transactions still in the blockcutter,
 - header of the last generated block, and
 - latest configuration block
- Blocks can be validated and signed in parallel without incurring in non-determinism
- Frontends collect 2f+1 matching blocks signed from different ordering nodes

Evaluation

• Factors at play:



LAN Evaluation



Some takeaways

- (LAN) Even with blocks of 100 4kB-txs, 32 frontends and a cluster of 10 nodes, the service orders ~2200 txs/sec
 - This is considered a big network for Fabric
 - (illustrative) 2x more than Ethereum's <u>theoretical</u> peak of 100 txs/sec, and vastly superior to Bitcoin's 7 txs/sec
- (WAN) 5 sites in 4 continents can order 1kBtxs in < 400ms (w/ a load of 1000 txs/s)

Part 1 BEYOND BFT-SMART

Our Research Agenda

- Robust BFT replication library
 - Maintain a good basic implementation
- Geo-replication
 - Key BFT application: <u>distributed trust</u>
- Scalability & Elasticity
 - Increase performance dynamically w/ additional replicas
- Diversity and Fault Independence
 - How to withstand <u>f malicious faults</u>
- Design a simple blockchain "platform"
 - How to go from BFT SMR to a Blockchain

Geo-Replicated State Machines

[Sousa & Bessani. SRDS'15]



Elastic State Machine Replication

[Nogueira et al. IEEE TPDS'17]



Elastic State Machine Replication



Diversity Management



Diversity Management



BFT-SMaRt as a Blockchain

- What to change?
 - Durable Logging -> Blockchain
 - State machine service-> smart contract
 - BFT reconfiguration -> Churn/committee management
 - VP-consensus -> Scalable VP-consensus









Questions?









- To know more:
 - BFT-SMaRt: <u>http://bft-smart.github.io/library/</u>
 - Bessani et al. *State Machine Replication for the Masses with BFT-SMaRt.* IEEE/IFIP DSN'14.
 - Bessani et al. On the Efficiency of Durable State Machine Replication. USENIX ATC'13.
 - Sousa, Bessani. Separating the WHEAT from the Chaff: An Empirical Design for Geo-replicated State Machines. IEEE SRDS'15.
 - Sousa et al. A Byzantine Fault-Tolerant Ordering Service for Hyperledger Fabric Blockchain Platform. IEEE/IFIP DSN'18.