

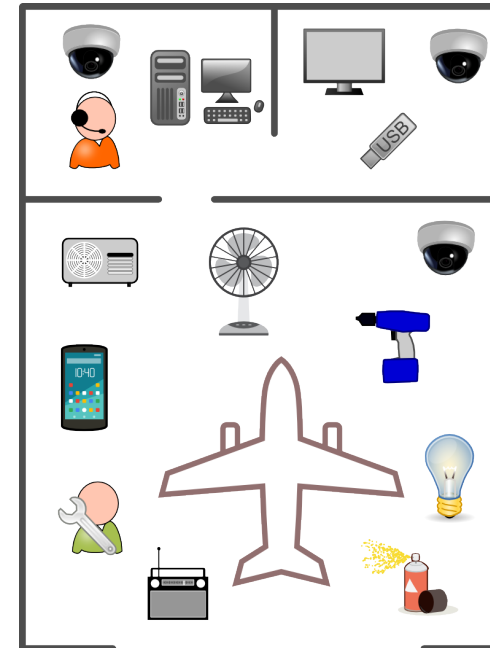
Intrusion detection for IoT based on physical communication profiling

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Research group on Dependable
Computing and Fault Tolerance

Smart homes – Smart spaces

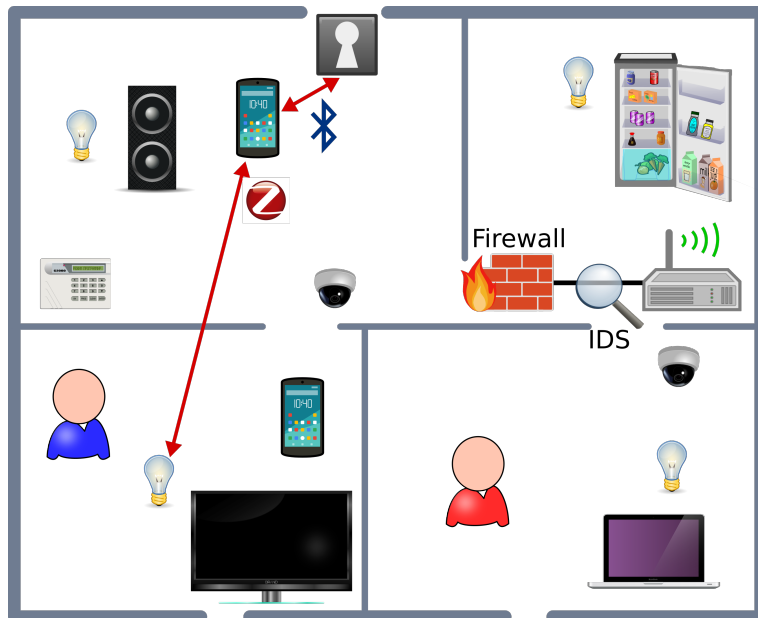


- Multiple and heterogeneous protocols
 - standards/proprietary
- Many deployed devices have security vulnerabilities
 - Mirai, BASHLITE, Remaiten, ...
 - Patches often not available, difficult to deploy automatically
 - Too limited resources to implement security mechanisms

IoT- State of the art solutions

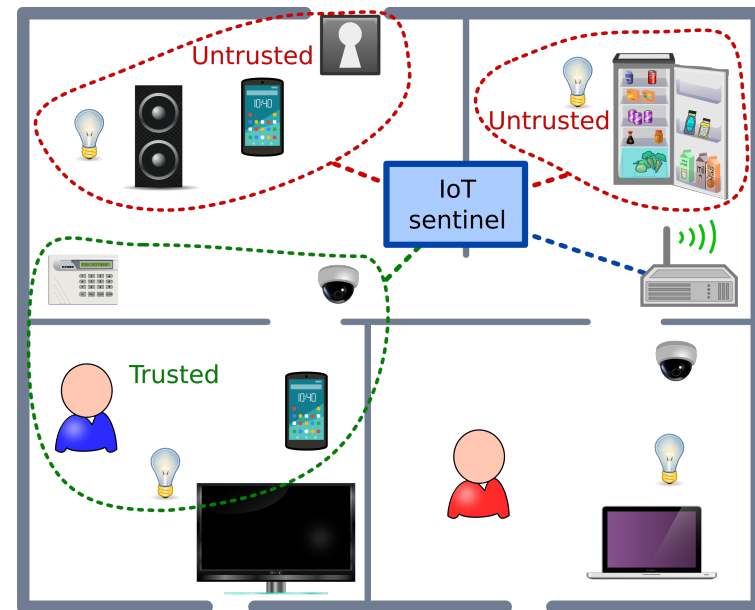
■ Traditional techniques

- Firewall, IDS
 - Limited scope



■ Dedicated solutions

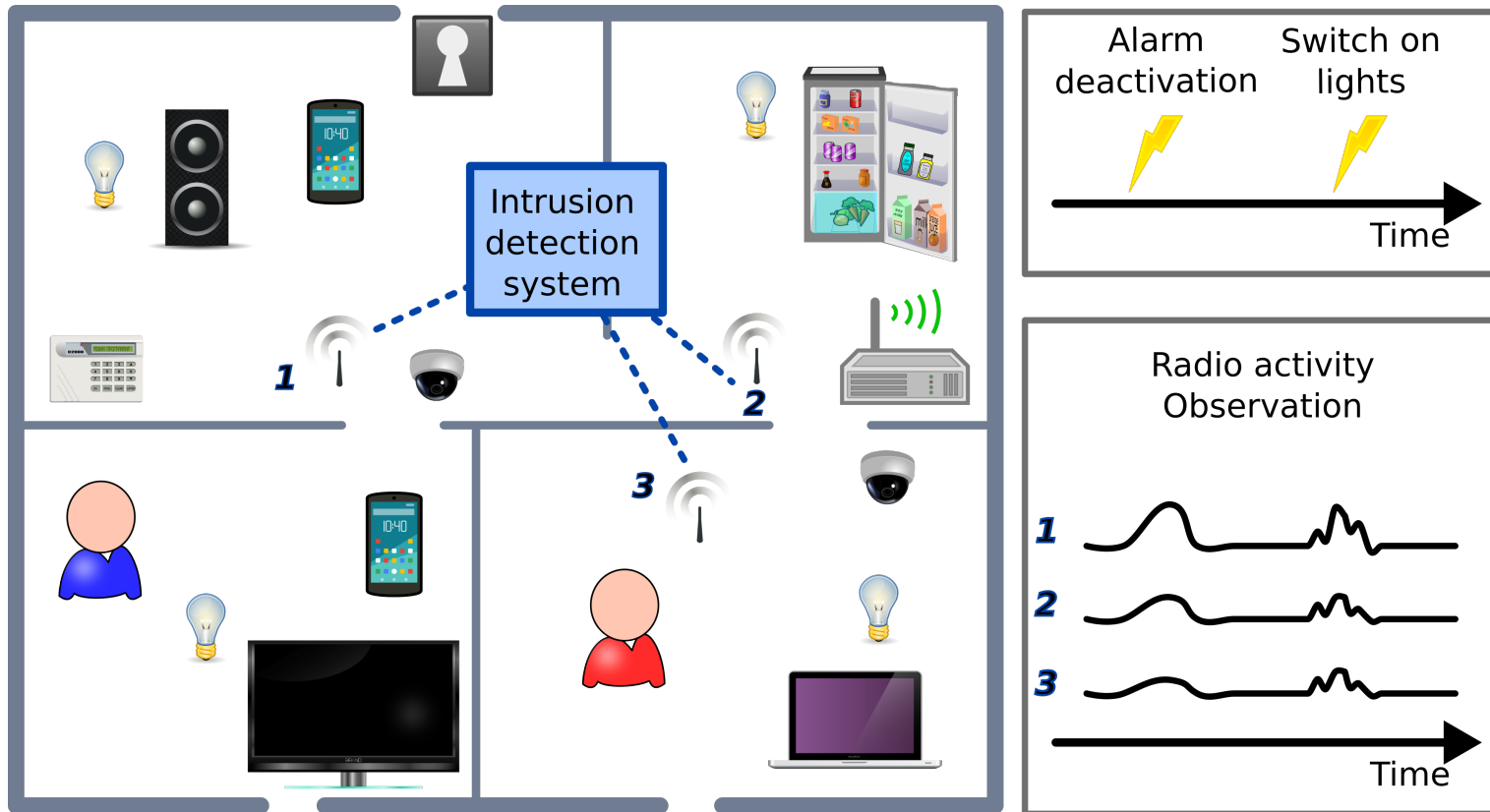
- IoT Sentinel [ICDCS17]
 - IoT device identification & isolation
 - Only WIFI/Ethernet



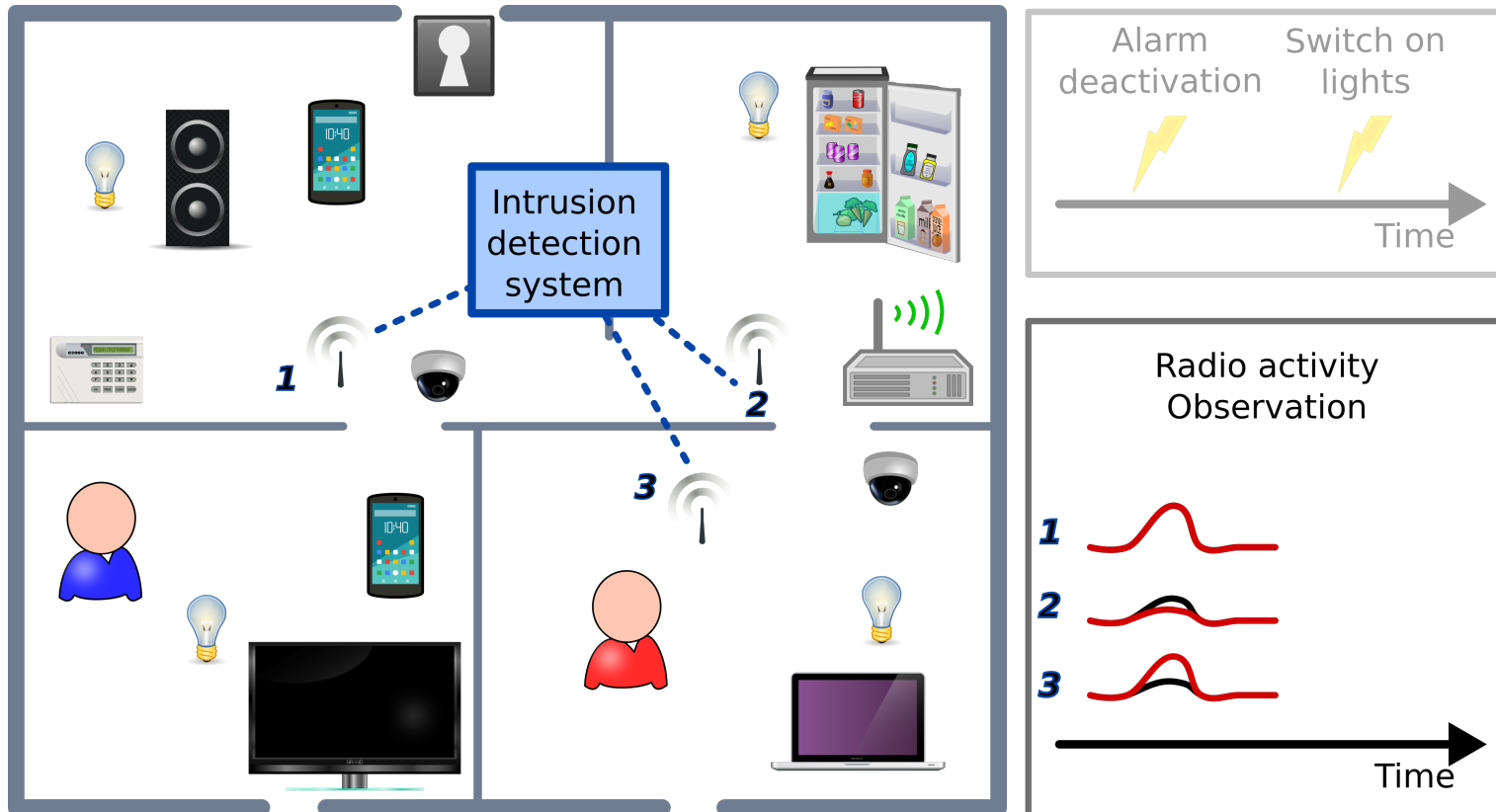
Approach

- Objectives
 - Protocol agnostic
 - Behavioral anomaly detection system
 - Nonintrusive
- Monitoring radio communication
 - Measure radio activities
 - Space and time analysis
- Machine learning techniques
 - Model users legitimate behavior
 - Detect potential deviations

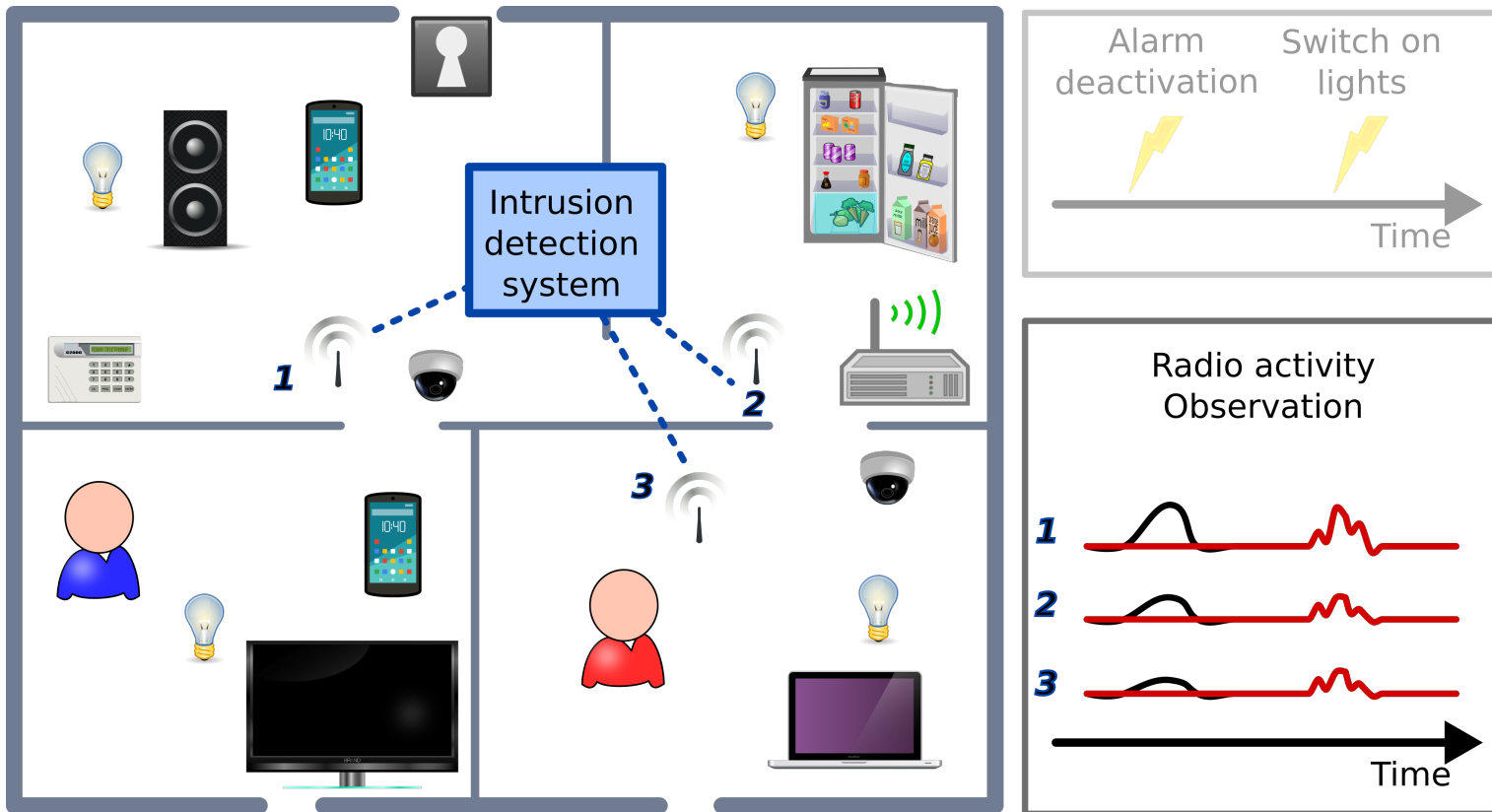
Approach



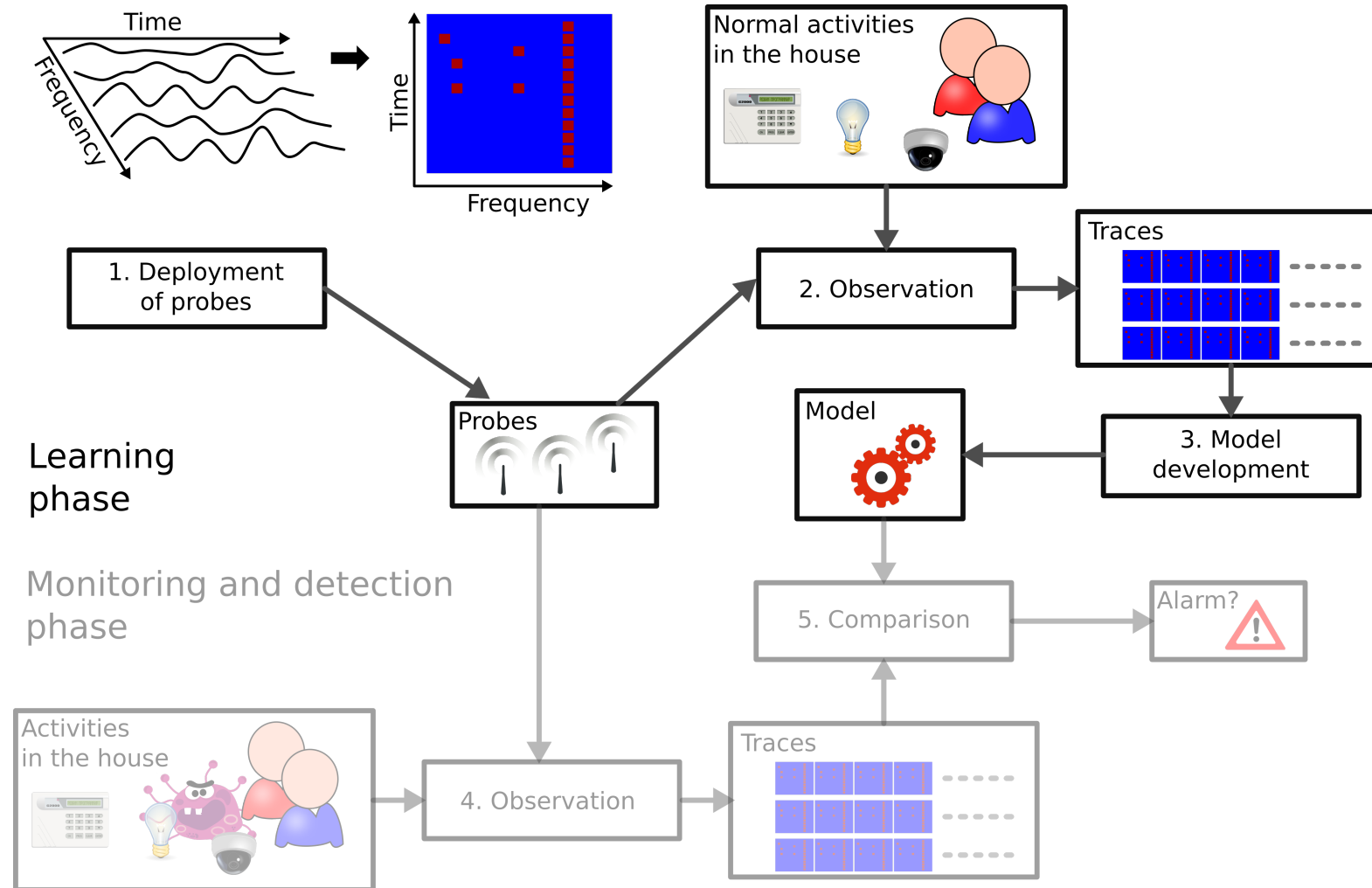
Approach



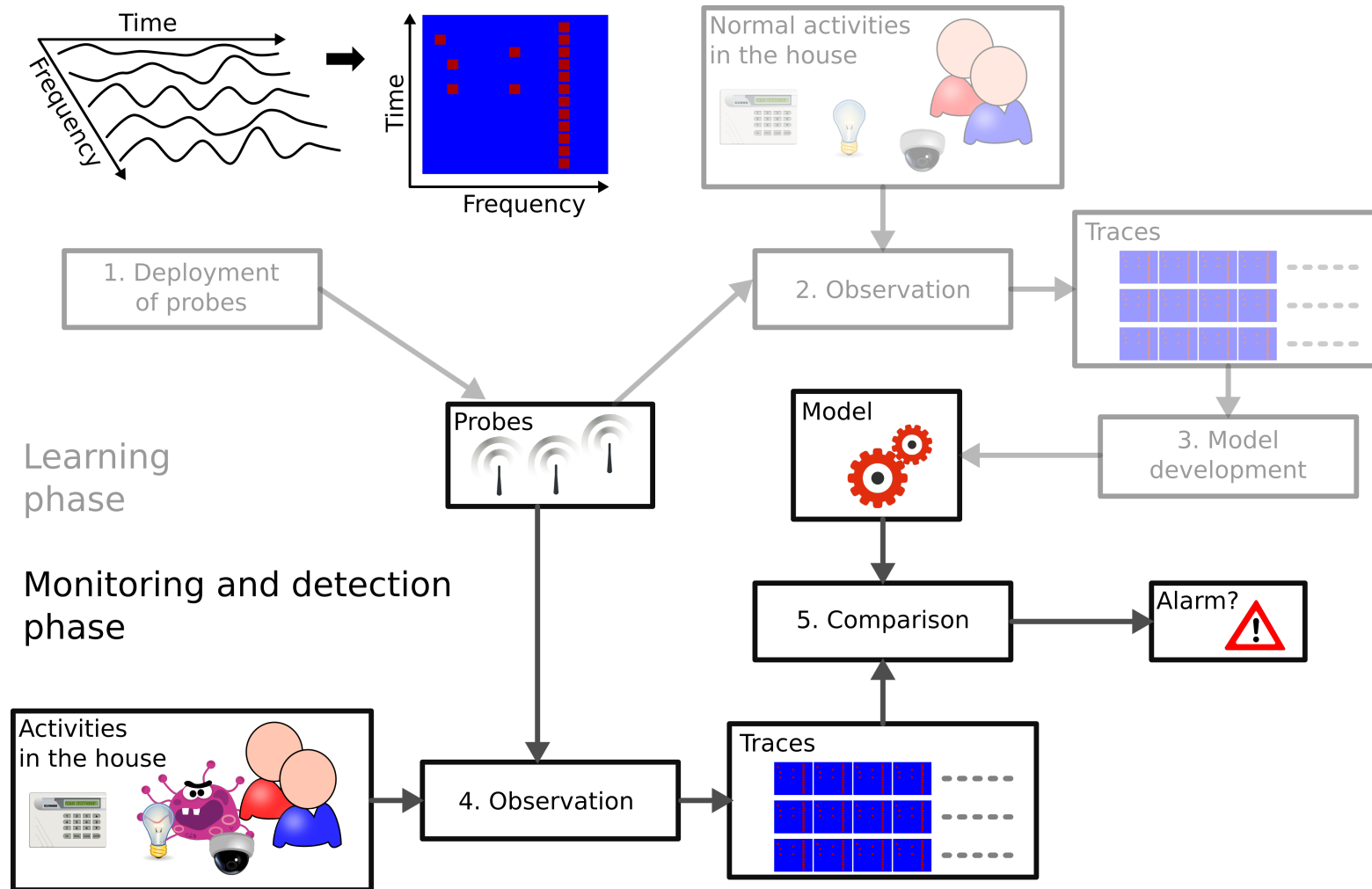
Approach



Main Steps



Main Steps



Ongoing work

- Deployment in a smart home and first experiments
- Usage scenarios and data collection
- Comparative analysis of machine learning algorithms
- IDS assessment
 - Simulated attacks
 - False positives / false negatives
- Fingerprinting of IoT devices
- Isolation strategies
- Complementarity with other solutions



