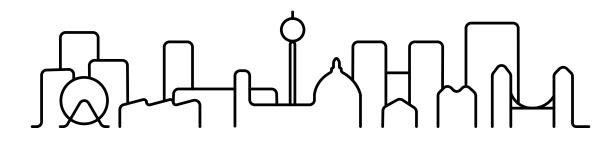


#### Improving the Robustness of Urban Electricity Networks

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#### Irenes : facts and figures

### JPI- Urban Europe http://jpi-urbaneurope.eu/ duration: October 2014 – March 2017 volume: 160 PM

#### **budget:** 1.419 k€

No	Organisation	Country
1 Coordinator	Forschungszentrum Telekommunikation Wien - FTW	Austria
2	Ethos VO Ltd. (ETHOS)	U.K.
3	University of Twente (UT)	Netherlands
4	Università degli Studi di Firenze (UNIFI)	Italy
5	Queen Mary University of London (QMUL)	U.K.
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## The **Smart Grid** is an electricity network that can [...] ensure economically efficient, sustainable power system with [...] **security** of supply and **safety**.

M/490 EN - Smart Grid Mandate - Standardization Mandate to European Standardization Organizations (ESOs) to support European Smart Grid deployment

# Smart Cities [...]. Enhancing [sustainability, economic development and a high quality of life] can be achieved through [...] ICT infrastructure.

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/en/content/defining-smart-cities



#### **Overall goal**

-Enable a highly robust and highly available power supply for future **smart city** scenarios

#### **Expected outcome**

Integrated collaboration framework (and tool) that allows cities for different faults/attack scenarios to collaborate with their stakeholders and to evaluate the efficiency of attack countermeasures



#### irenes anticipated results - 1

- **Collaboration framework** for city planners, stakeholders, DNOs to
  - support secure development of the smart grid
  - guide the planning/deployment of Smart Grid functions needed to optimize power availability for critical infrastructure.
- It includes supporting tools to:
  - understand minimum operational power requirements
  - energy prediction
  - propose mitigation measures as managed
     decentralization
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- Identify security threats and their impacts on critical infrastructures, including
  - **Dependencies** between infrastructures (cascading effect)
  - Root causes, profiling of the potential attackers (motivations, funding, objectives, skills, etc.),
     societal impact of attacks
    - with the ultimate objective of building an attack threats databases



- Assessment of the mitigations based on modelling for different scenarios, including:
  - different grid architectures and impact of attacks
  - provisioning of limited electricity resources to most
     critical infrastructures and vulnerable citizens
  - procedures and incentives to allow increased power availability for critical infrastructures

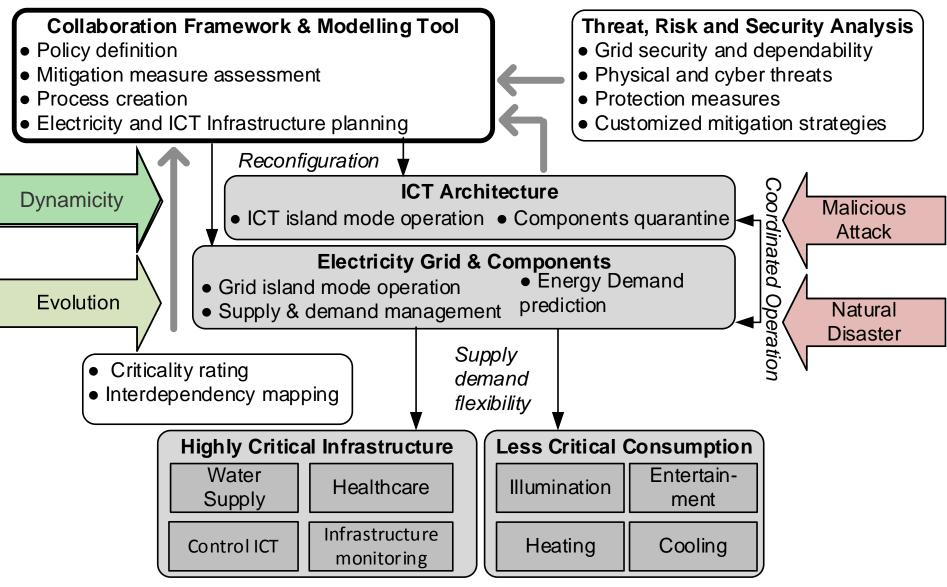


#### irenes anticipated results - 4

- Result evaluation methods based on (serious) gaming workshops
  - walk with stakeholders through smart city evolution,
     disaster scenarios ... using the methods and tools
     developed by IRENE



The *irene* approach



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### Some details on an ongoing activity – threats identification and classification

#### Investigate:

- threats as cyber-security vulnerabilities that result from the interconnection of previously unconnected grid system parts
- the inclusion of new sensor and actuator devices in the Smart Grids

Input is the use cases (consumers, cities, Regulators, DNOs, IoT, ...) defined from PEST analysis of four possible "future" of Smart Cities



#### Just few words on the four "future"

	Low smart	High smart
Regulated	<b>No change</b> (mostly) status quo It is the departure point	Constrained response Coordinated city lobbying; regulatory price controls; incentives for DNOs to innovate
Free market	Best endeavours Increasing pressure towards market liberalization; proliferation of independent DNOs and energy service companies; difficulties for city to create the necessary collaborative frameworks	Freedom to act Increase competition responding to the market as it evolves; cities can be relevant actors in both energy generation and supply



#### Threat identification in evolutionary Smart Grids – the approach

IRENE should consider that a smart grid is the result of different evolution steps and support such evolution

Describe the security challenges that arise due to the *introduction of new sensors and the connection of new components* 

We propose to apply the threat analysis to a "story" of the Smart Grid

-new assets are progressively introduced



#### (very brief) Methodology overview

For each step of the story, we conduct a risk assessment process (NIST SP800-30) aimed to detect

 new additional threats (structural and due to emergent behaviours)

A phenomenon of a whole at the macro-level is **emergent** if and only if it is new with respect to the non-relational phenomena of any of its proper parts at the micro level.

This will provide the threats to assess the Collaborative Framework at later stages of the project





- Define scenario, requirements and a collaborative framework
- Map threats, attackers profiles and societal impact of attacks
- Design of system architecture to control supply and demand in an urban electricity grid
- Security decision supports based on models of the different settings and mitigation methods

Evaluation via (serious) gaming workshops A. Ceccarelli
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