



The Need for a Paradigm Shift in Space Robotics Dependability

Erick Dupuis

Canadian Space Agency

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Definitions

- Dependability
 - ◆ Ability to Complete Mission...
 - ◆ ... in a Safe Manner

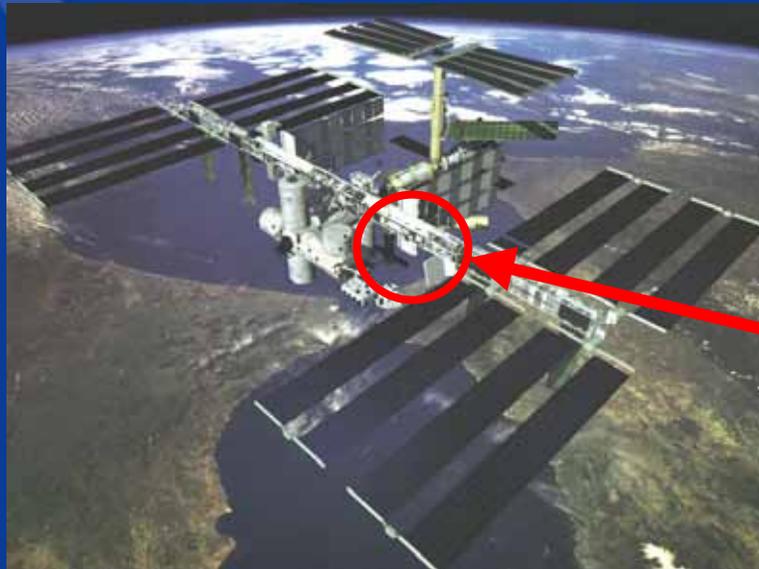
- This is a discussion paper to get inputs from WS participants





Introduction

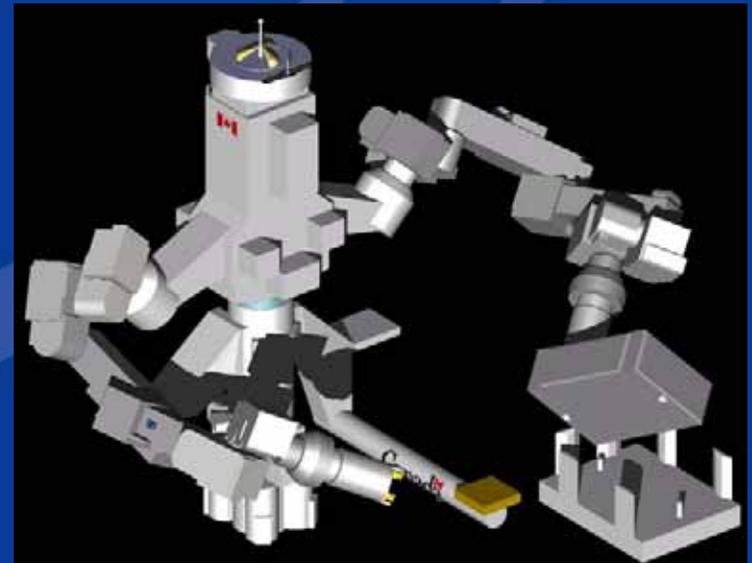
- Robots are everywhere in Space
 - ◆ ISS Construction Impossible without Canadarm 2





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 - ◆ Dextre essential to ISS Maintenance





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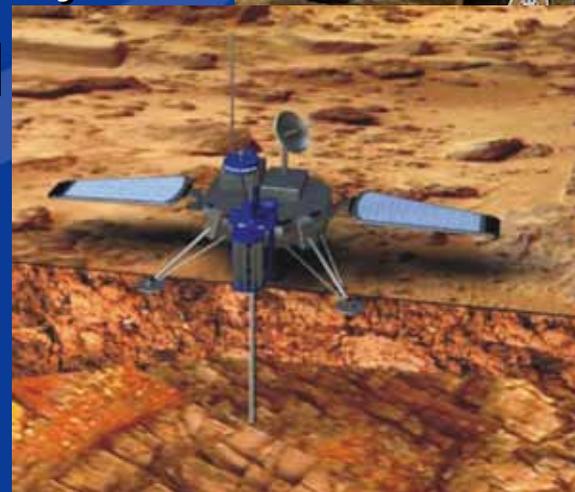
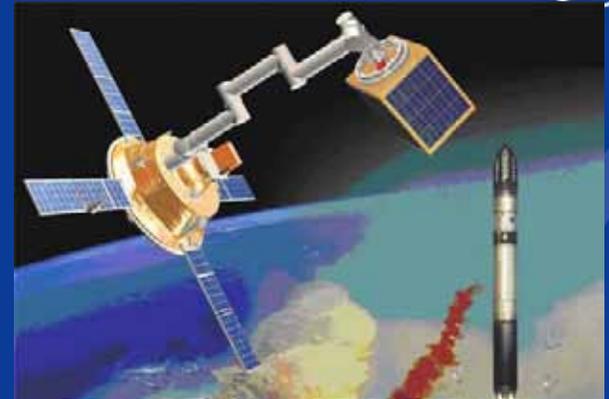
- Robots are everywhere in Space
 - ◆ ISS Construction Impossible without Canadarm 2
 - ◆ Dextre essential to ISS Maintenance
 - ◆ Spirit & Opportunity have enabled breakthroughs in Mars Science





Introduction

- Robots will be even more present in Future
 - ◆ Orbital Express
 - ◆ TECSAS
 - ◆ Mars Science Laboratory
 - ◆ New NASA Vision and Aurora Program





What is Specific to Space?

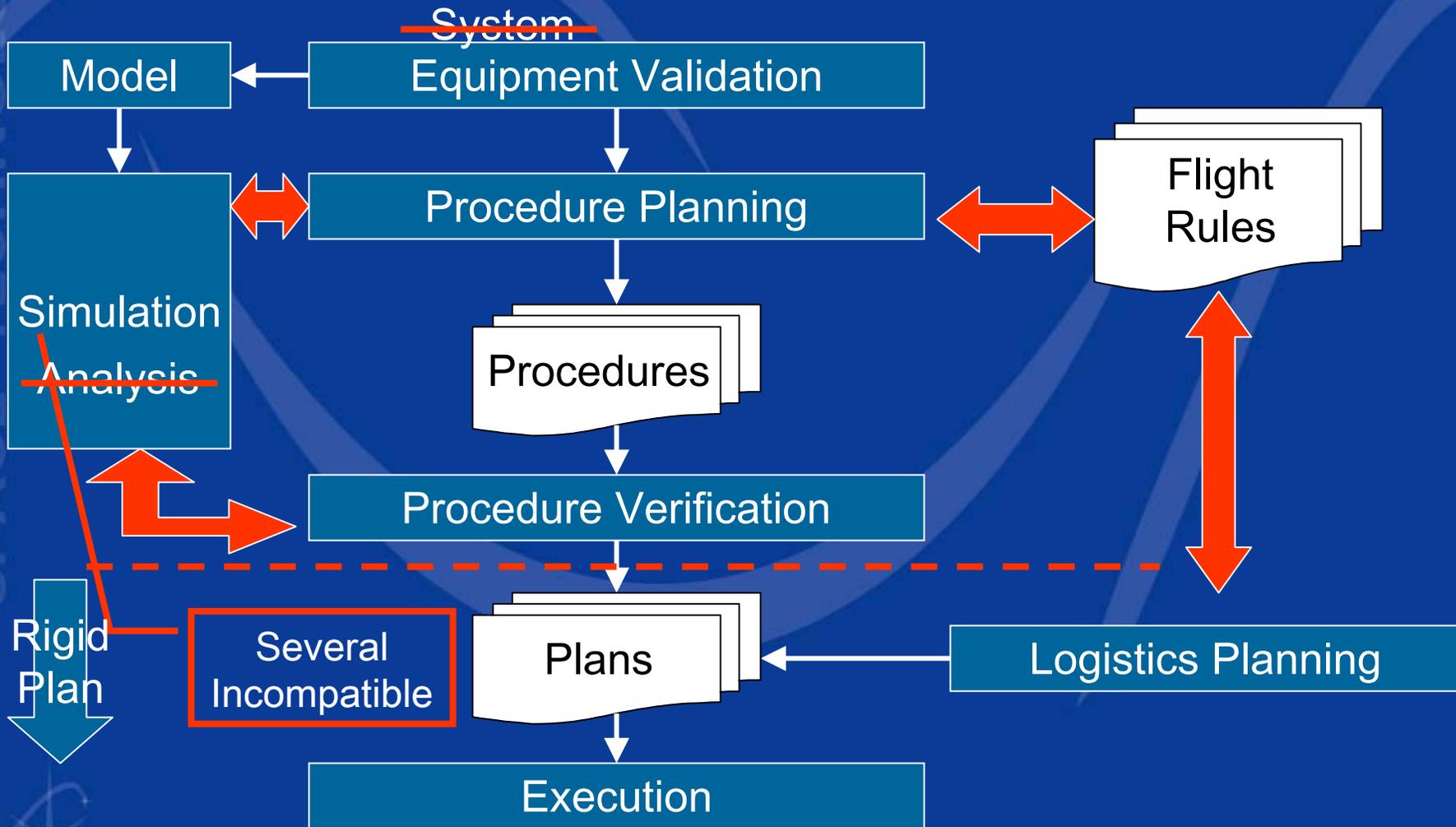
- Consequences of Failure
- Manned Missions
 - ◆ Crew Survival Critical
- High Missions Cost
 - ◆ Cannot Afford Losing Spacecraft
 - ◆ Success Expected on First Attempt
- Assets Not Easily Accessible for Repair

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Dependability & Autonomy





Canadarm2

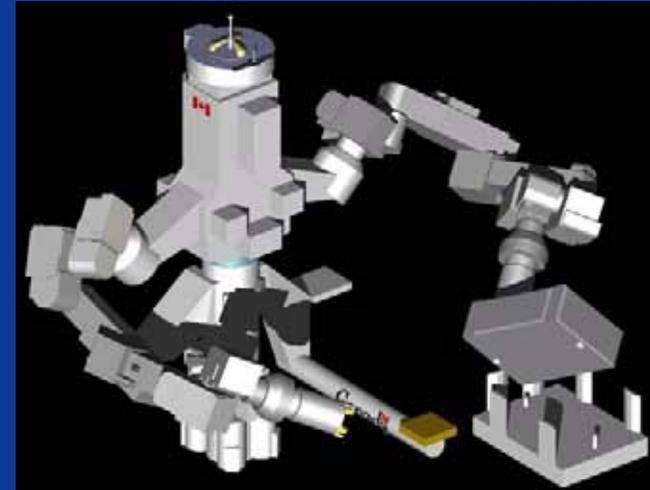
- Human-in-the-Loop Operations
- One-of-a-kind operations
- Structured/Known environment
- Deterministic Prediction Through Hundreds of Simulations
- 18 months start-to-finish
- Hundreds of Engineers Involved





What about Dextre?

- Recurring Operations
- High Volume of Operations
- Higher Complexity/Longer Timelines
- Some maintenance operations cannot be planned 18 months in advance
- Yet proposed approach for testing is similar... Pre-testing of several scenarios before execution





And Mars Missions?

- Environment is not structured
- Time delays: 10-40 minutes
- Communication windows (1 hour every 12 hours)
 - ◆ Operator cannot intervene
- Planning & Verification Process cannot be same
 - ◆ Limited Autonomy, Determinist Planning & Simulation
 - ◆ Model environment, plan operations, run simulations, all in 12 hours !!!
- Impact on productivity (e.g. 3 cycles to touch a rock)



What about future missions?

- TECSAS
 - ◆ Will Require Capture of a Moving Object
- Mars Science Laboratory
 - ◆ Talks of Driving "Over-the-Horizon" in a Single Command Cycle.
- Environment May Change Faster than Information is Fed Back
- Autonomy **WILL** be required

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ARGO Framework

- ARGO: Autonomous Robotics and Ground Operations
- Objectives
 - ◆ Reduce Operations Costs & Increase safety:
 - ◆ Increasing On-board Autonomy
 - ◆ Integrating Operations Process: Planning, Verification, Execution, Post-Mission Analysis
- Philosophy
 - ◆ Full Spectrum from human-in-the-loop operations to semi-autonomous operations
 - ◆ Not an architecture: Set of Toolboxes



ARGO Framework

- History: Arose from Need for Ground Control
- Toolboxes
 - ◆ Cortex Autonomy Toolbox
 - ◆ Reconfigurable Ground Control Station
 - ◆ REMOTE Toolbox
- Hook in with Simulation Environment
 - ◆ E.g. MuT/Symofros

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ARGO Sample Cases

- ARGO Bits and Pieces Applied in Several R&D Projects
- Have shown use of autonomy
- Not addressed Dependability Yet





Impact of Autonomy

- Decisions are event-driven
 - ◆ Sensor Data
 - ◆ Anomalies
 - ◆ Environment
 - ◆ NOT 100% PREDICTABLE
- Cannot predict deterministically
- Incompatible with current philosophy





Impact of No Autonomy

- Some Tasks Cannot be Performed
- Decreased Productivity
- Increased Cost of Operations

- Cannot Afford not to have it!
- **DEADLOCK!!!**

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Consequences of Failure

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Hint of Solution

- Must Guarantee Safety
- Cannot Guarantee Successful Completion of Mission on 1st Attempt
- Trade-Off Productivity and Predictability

Productivity

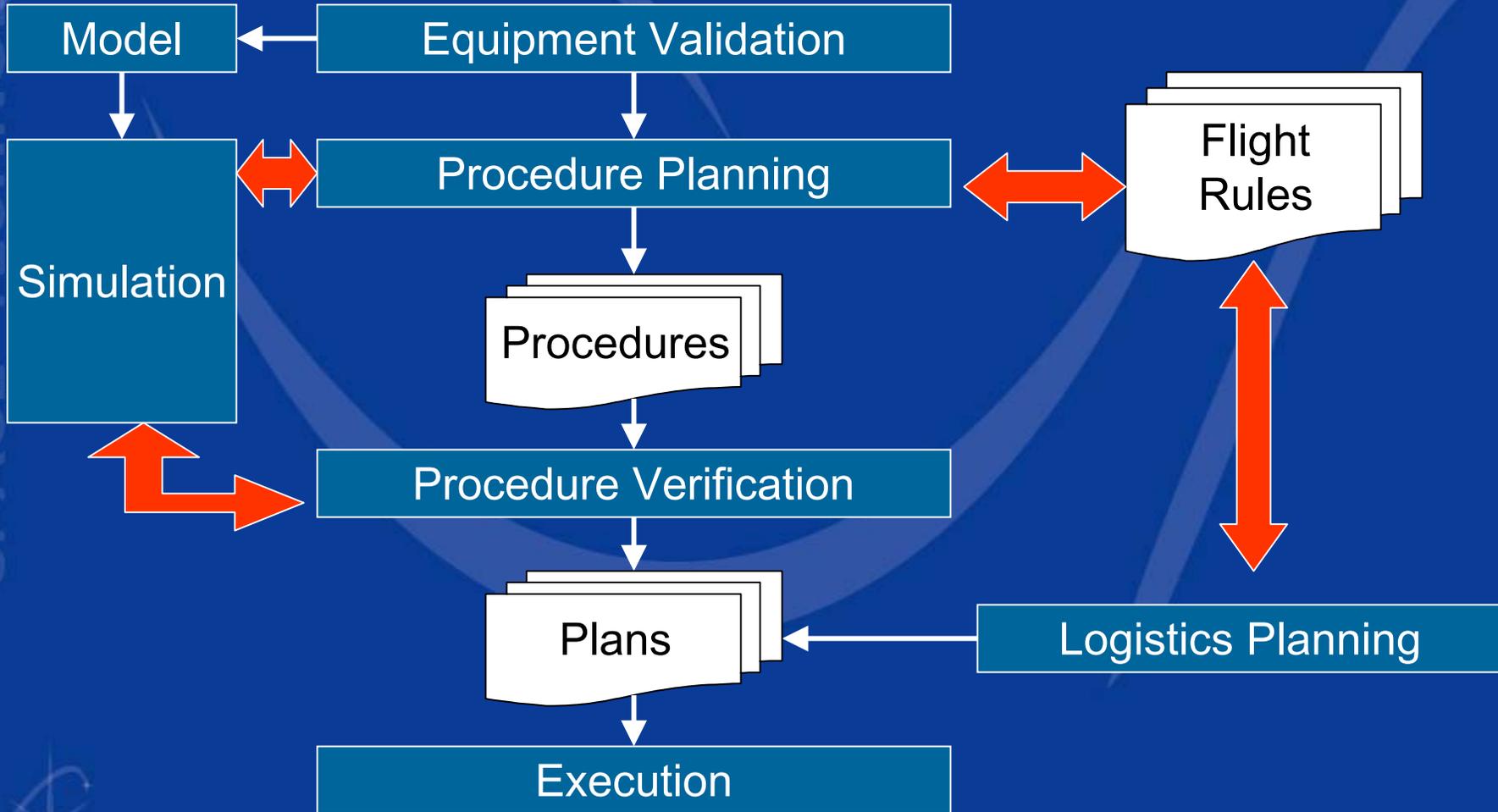


Predictability





Dependability & Autonomy

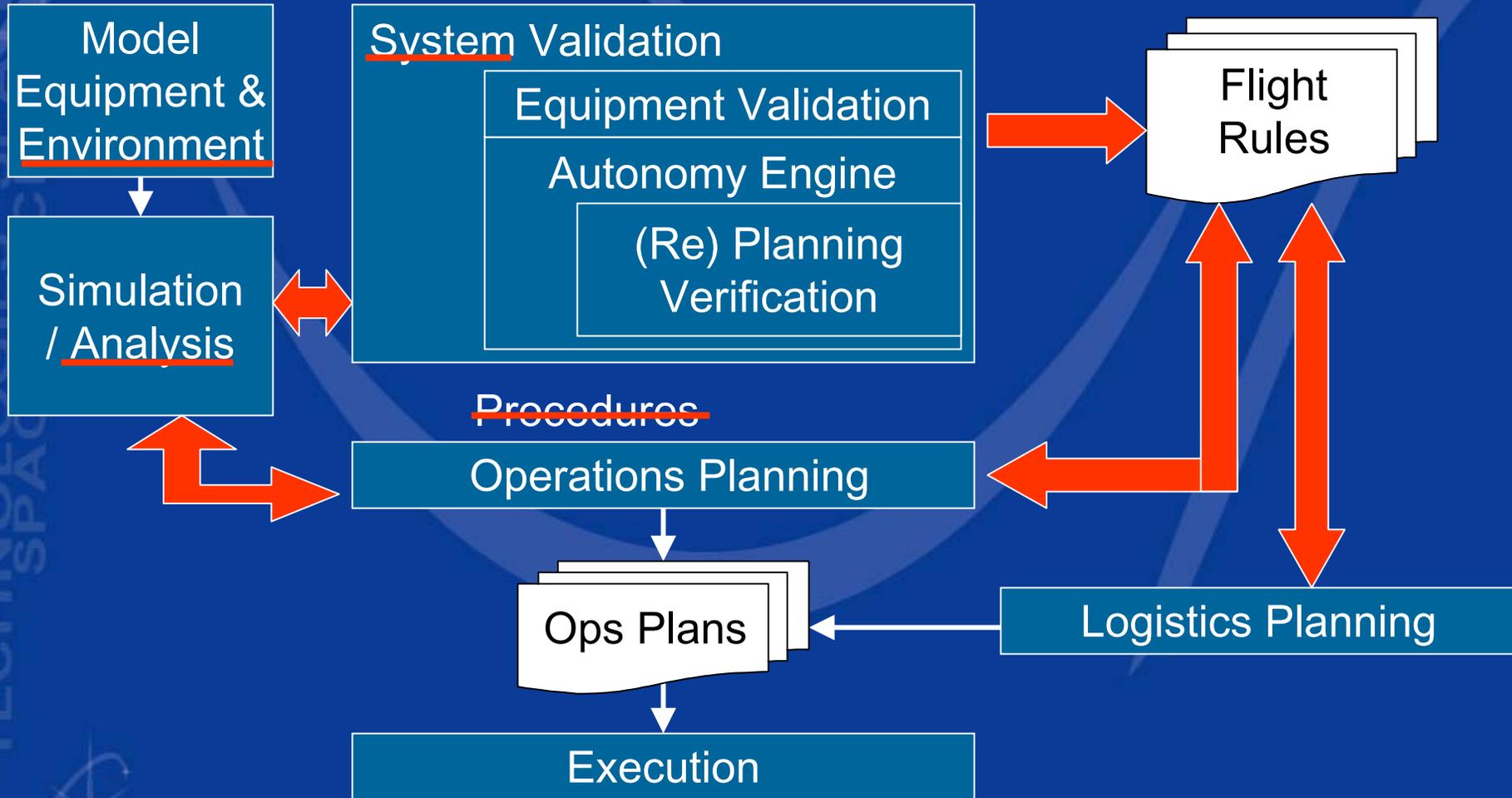


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Dependability & Autonomy





Conclusion

- Robots will be Omnipresent in Space
- Dependability is Crucial
- Autonomy will be Required (and has been demonstrated)
- Current Philosophy Based on Intensive Deterministic Simulation
- Autonomy Incompatible with Current Philosophy





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Answers?

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