

Dependability Benchmarking of Off-the-Shelf OS Kernels

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DBench

❑ Objective of DBench

- ◆ Conceptual framework & experimental environment for benchmarking the dependability of (C)OTS and COTS-based systems
 - ➡ Concepts, specifications and guidelines for dependability benchmarking
 - ➡ Dependability benchmark prototypes

❑ Current / final results

- ◆ A framework for dependability benchmarking
- ◆ A set of benchmark specifications and associated prototypes
 - ➡ User point of view: robustness benchmarks wrt external errors
 - ➡ Emphasis on representativeness and validation

DBench Framework

Categorization	Measures	Experimentation
Benchmark Target - BT (System nature Application area Operating environment)	Measure nature (qualitative or quantitative) Measure type (dependability- or performance-related)	System Under Benchmark - SUB Workload Faultload Measurements Procedures & rules
Benchmarking context (Life-cycle phase Benchmark user Benchmark performer Benchmark purpose)	Measure extent (comprehensive or specific) Assessment method (experimentation or modeling & experimentation)	

Benchmark developed

- General-purpose operating systems
 - ◆ Robustness and timing measures, TPC-C Client, faulty application
- Real-Time Kernels in onboard space systems
 - ◆ Predictability of the kernel response time, faulty application
- Engine control applications in automotive systems
 - ◆ Robustness of the control application, transient hardware faults
- On-line transaction processing (OLTP) systems,
 - ◆ TPC-C-based, Operator, software & hardware faults
 - ➡ TPC-C like measures
 - ➡ Measures based on modeling & experimentation: availability, cost
- Web servers

Properties

- Representativeness**
- Repeatability**
- Reproducibility**
- Portability**
- Non-intrusiveness**
- Scalability**
- Cost effective**
 - ◆ Set-up
 - ◆ Execution duration

OS Benchmarking

❑ Integrator of a system including an operating system (OS)

- ◆ Information on OS dependability
- ◆ Select the most appropriate OS / system characteristics
- ◆ Publishable results

❑ Objectives of OS dependability benchmarking

- ◆ Provide generic and reproducible methods
 - Characterize the OS behavior in the presence of faults
 - Compare alternative solutions

OS Benchmarking Context

- ❑ Limited knowledge about the OS



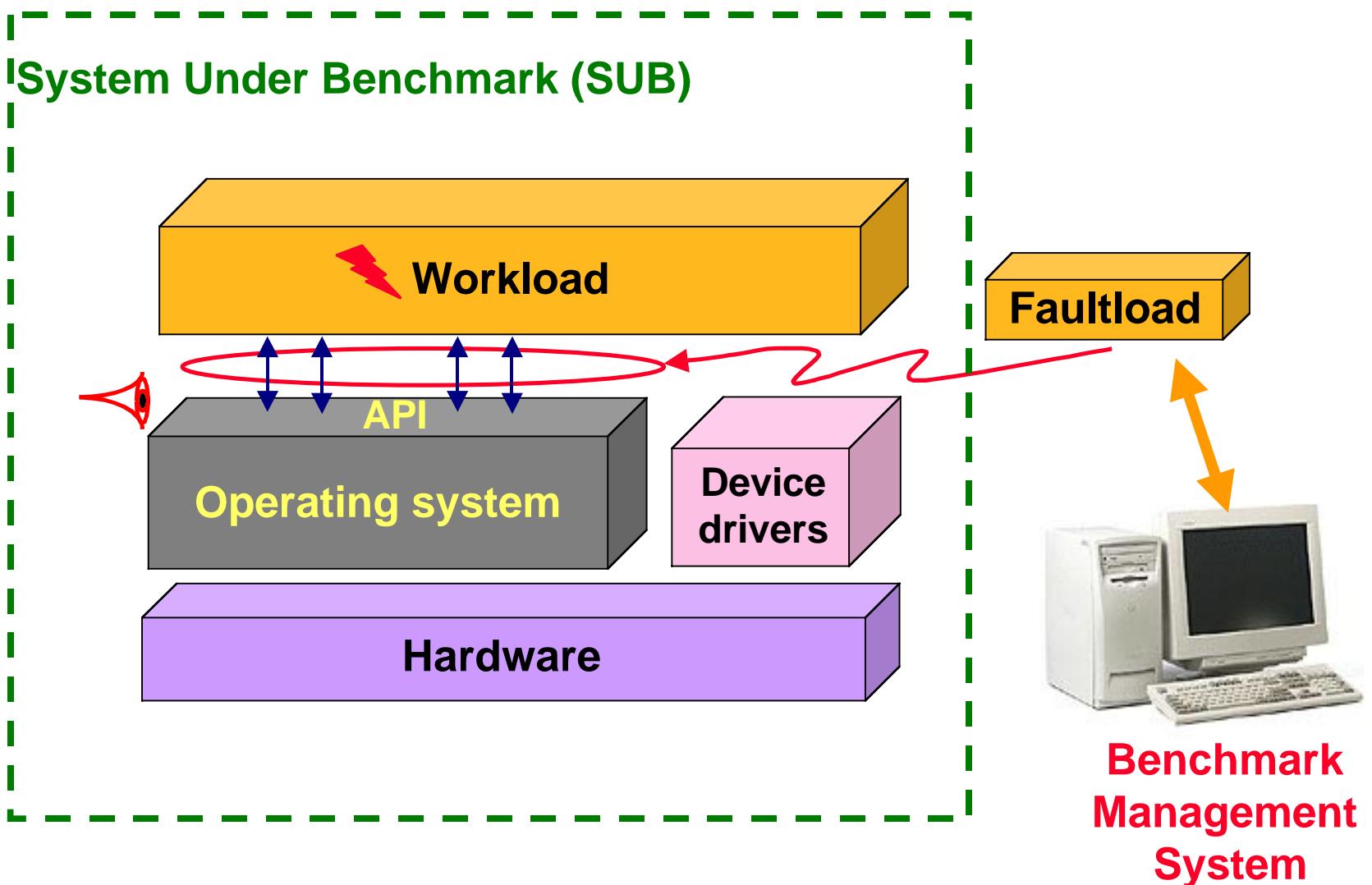
- ❑ Functional description of the OS

- ❑ Non-intrusiveness

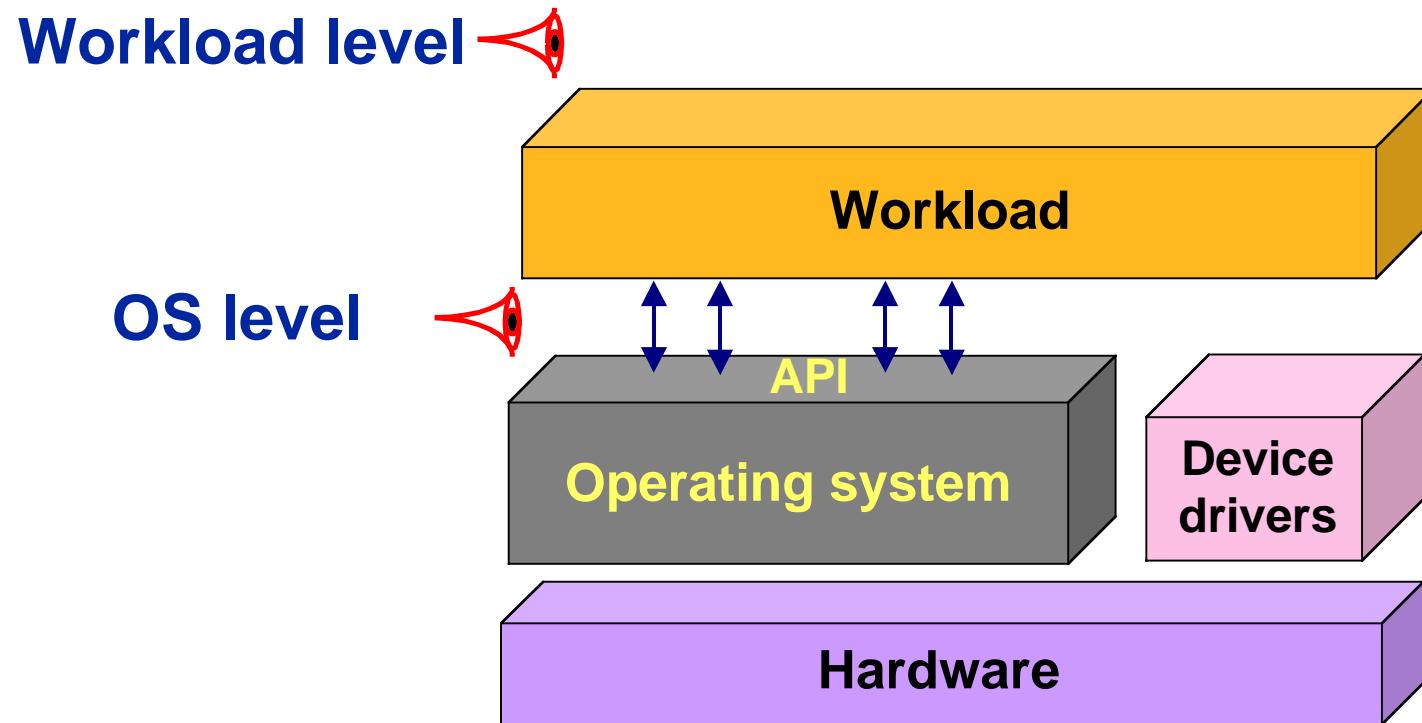
- ◆ Faults injected outside the OS

- ◆ Accessibility and observability

Benchmark Target & SUB



Benchmark Measures



OS Level Measures

OS Outcomes

SEr	Error code
SXp	Exception
SPc	Panic
SHg	Hang
SNS	No signaling

Measures

- POS: OS Robustness (outcome distribution)
- Texec: OS reaction time in the presence of faults
- Tres: OS Restart time in the presence of faults

Workload Level Measures

Workload Outcomes

WCC Correct completion

WEC Erroneous completion

WAb Abort

WHg Hang

Workload Level Measures

Combined states

OS Workload	Error code	Exception	Panic	Hang	No signalling
Correct completion	SEr-WCC	SXp-WCC	—	—	SNS-WCC
Erroneous completion	SEr-WEC	SXp-WEC	—	—	SNS-WEC
Abort	SEr-WAb	SXp-WAb	SPc-WAb	—	SNS-WAb
Hang	SEr-WHg	SXp-WHg	SPc-WHg	SHg-WHg	SNS-WHg

Workload Measures

- PSNS: WL Robustness (WL outcome distribution)
- TWL: WL completion time in the presence of faults

Measure Summary

□ OS Measures

- ◆ POS: OS Robustness
- ◆ Texec: reaction time in the presence of fault (τ_{exec} : in absence of faults)
- ◆ Tres: restart time in the presence of faults (τ_{res} : in absence of faults)

□ Workload Measures

- ◆ PSNS: WL Robustness, when OS in SNS
- ◆ TWL: WL correct completion time in the presence of faults
(τ_{WL} : in absence of faults)

Execution profile

❑ Workload: TPC-C Client in the current prototype

❑ Faultload

◆ Selection of system calls to be corrupted

→ Ideally: all system calls with parameters

→ In practice: most critical OS functional components

Processes and Threads, File Input/output,

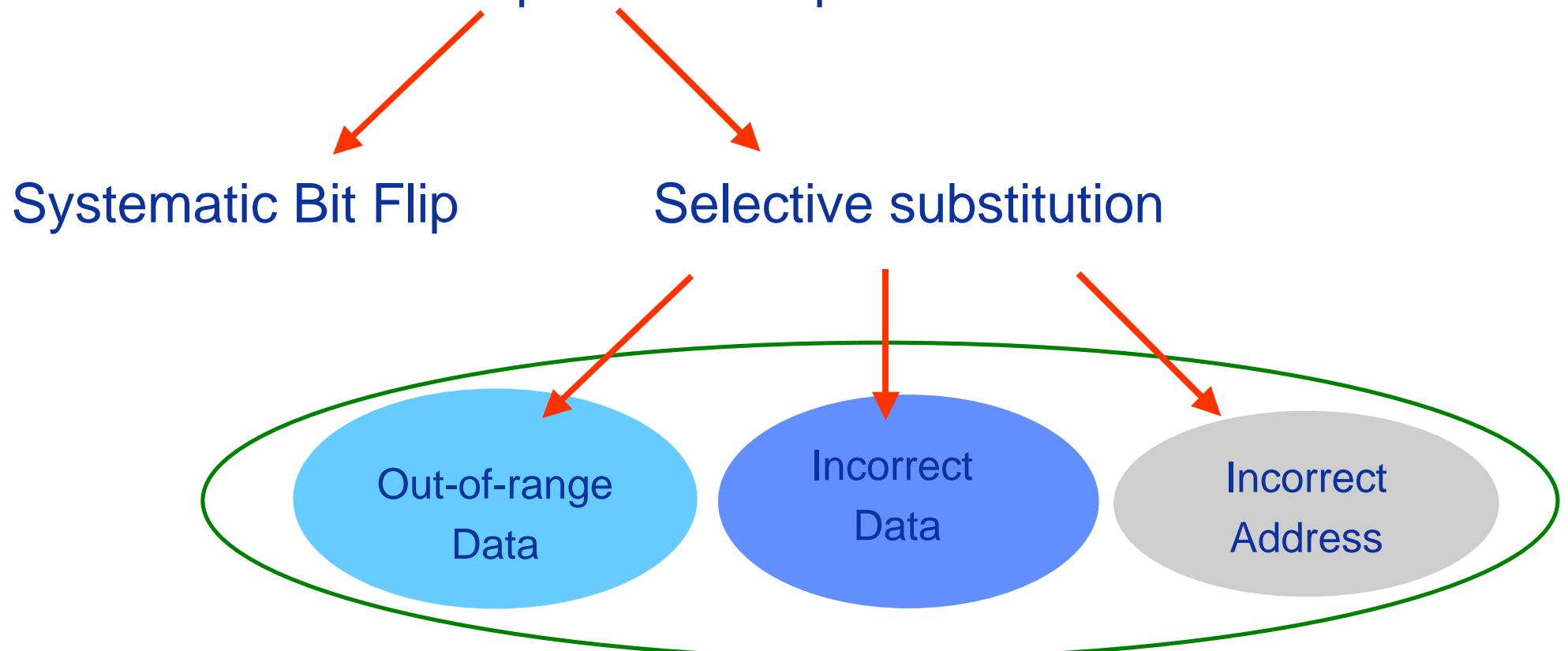
Memory management, Configuration Management

→ 28 system calls, 75 parameters, 502 corrupted values

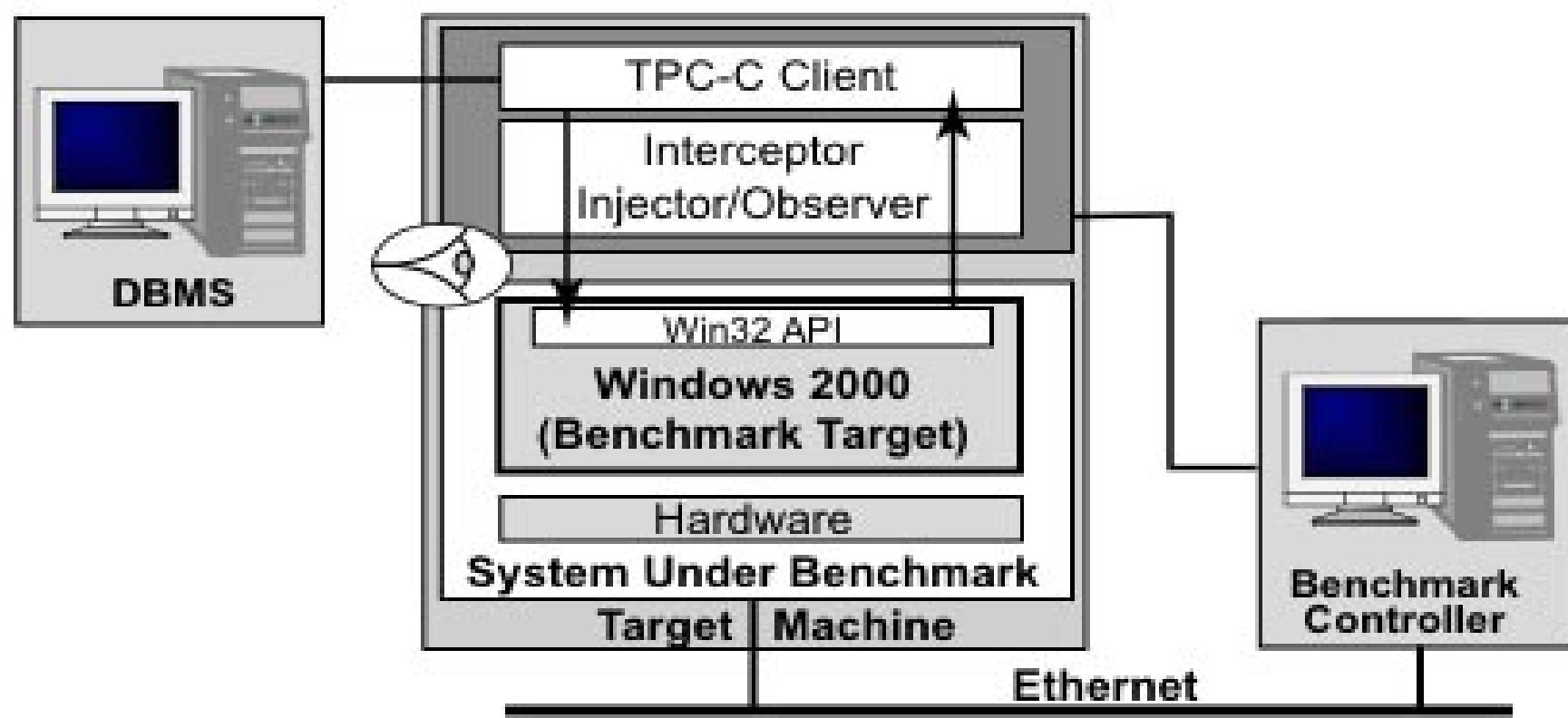
◆ Interception of the selected system calls

◆ Parameter corruption technique: selective substitution

Parameter Corruption technique

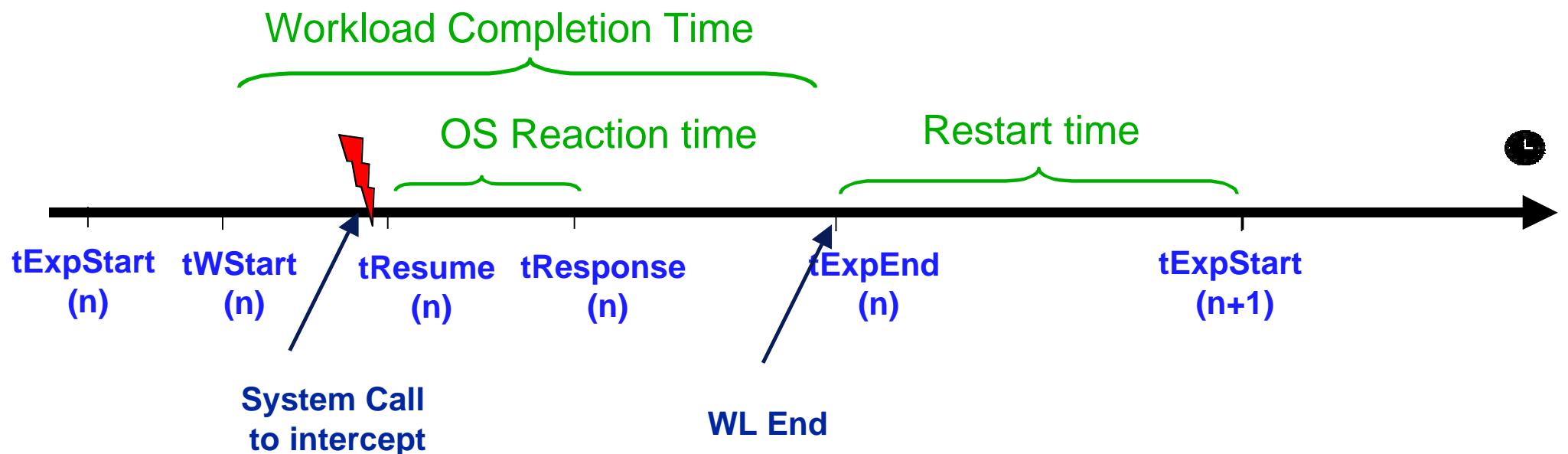


Experimental Set-up



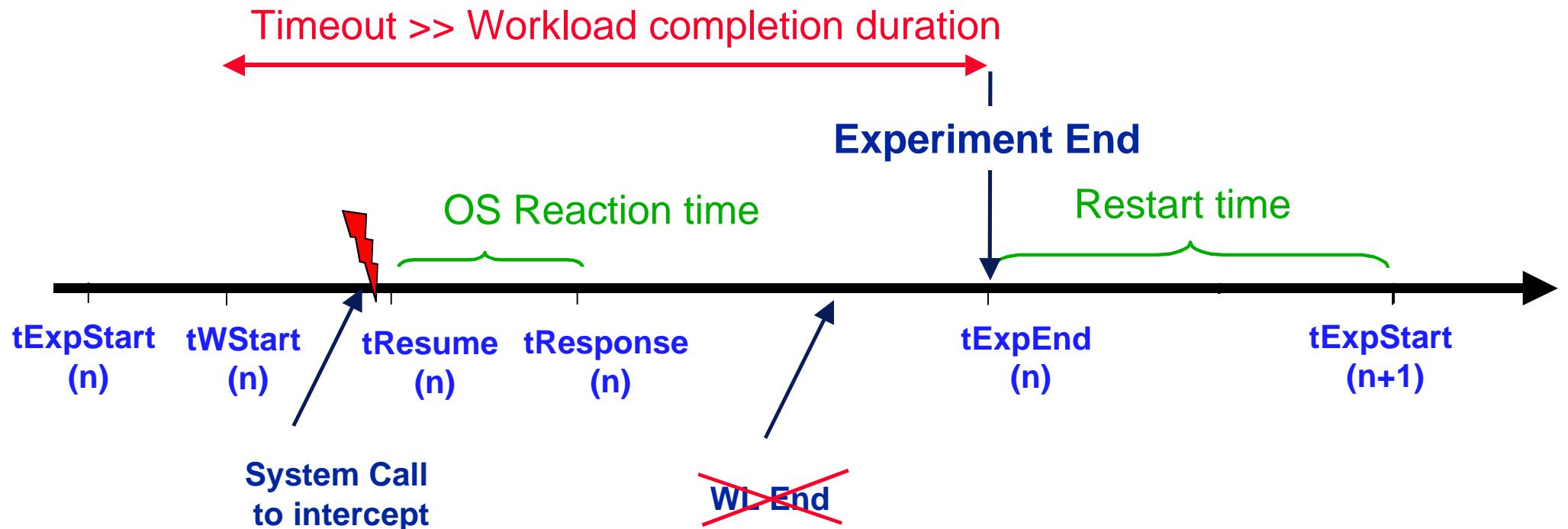
Measurements

Experiments with Workload (WL) completion



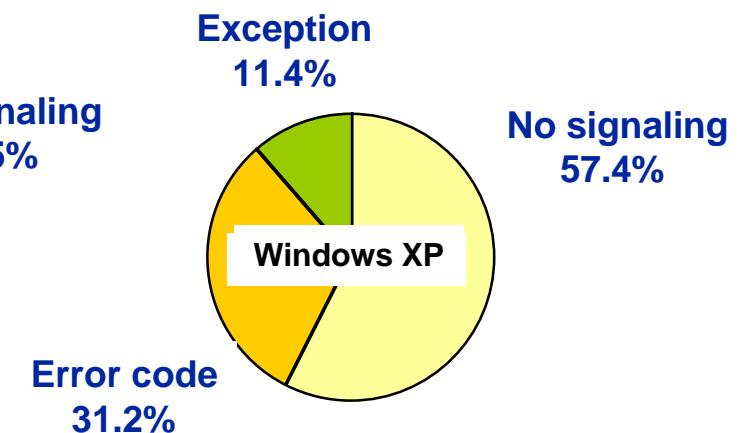
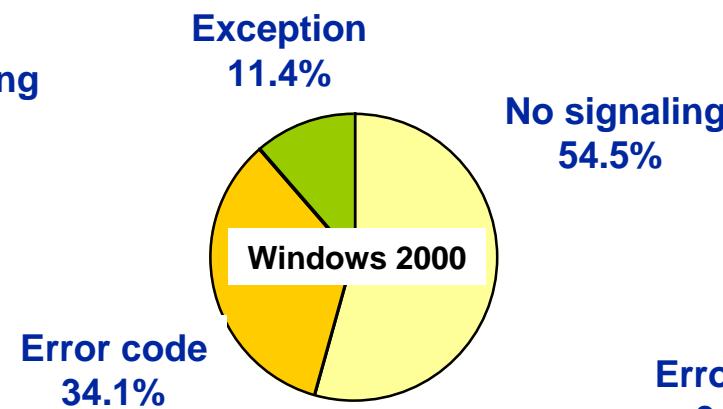
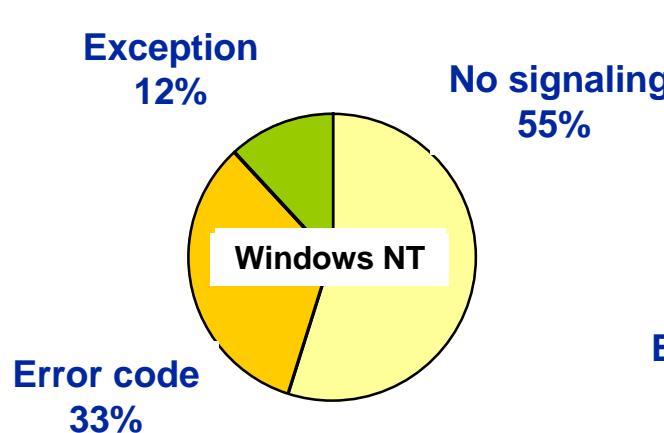
Measurements

Experiments without Workload (WL) completion



Results: OS Robustness

POS



28 system calls intercepted, 552 experiments

Sensitivity Analysis wrt Faultload

	Incorrect data	Incorrect address	Out-of-range data	Systematic Bit-Flip	# System calls	# experiments
FL0	x	x	x		28	552
FL1		x	x		28	325
FL2			x		28	113
FL3				x	28	2400
FL4			x		All (132)	353

Workload States

Windows NT

↓WL

Completion (451)

Abort / Hang (101)

Windows 2000

↓WL

Completion (445)

Abort / Hang (107)

Windows XP

↓WL

Completion (424)

Abort / Hang (128)

Refinement of Workload States

↓ PSNS

Windows NT ↓WL	Error code (182)	Exception (66)	No signaling (304)
Completion (451)	136	58	257
Abort / Hang (101)	46	8	47
Windows 2000 ↓WL	Error code (188)	Exception (63)	No signaling (301)
Completion (445)	136	57	252
Abort / Hang (107)	52	6	49
Windows XP ↓WL	Error code (172)	Exception (63)	No signaling (317)
Completion (424)	99	57	268
Abort / Hang (128)	73	6	49

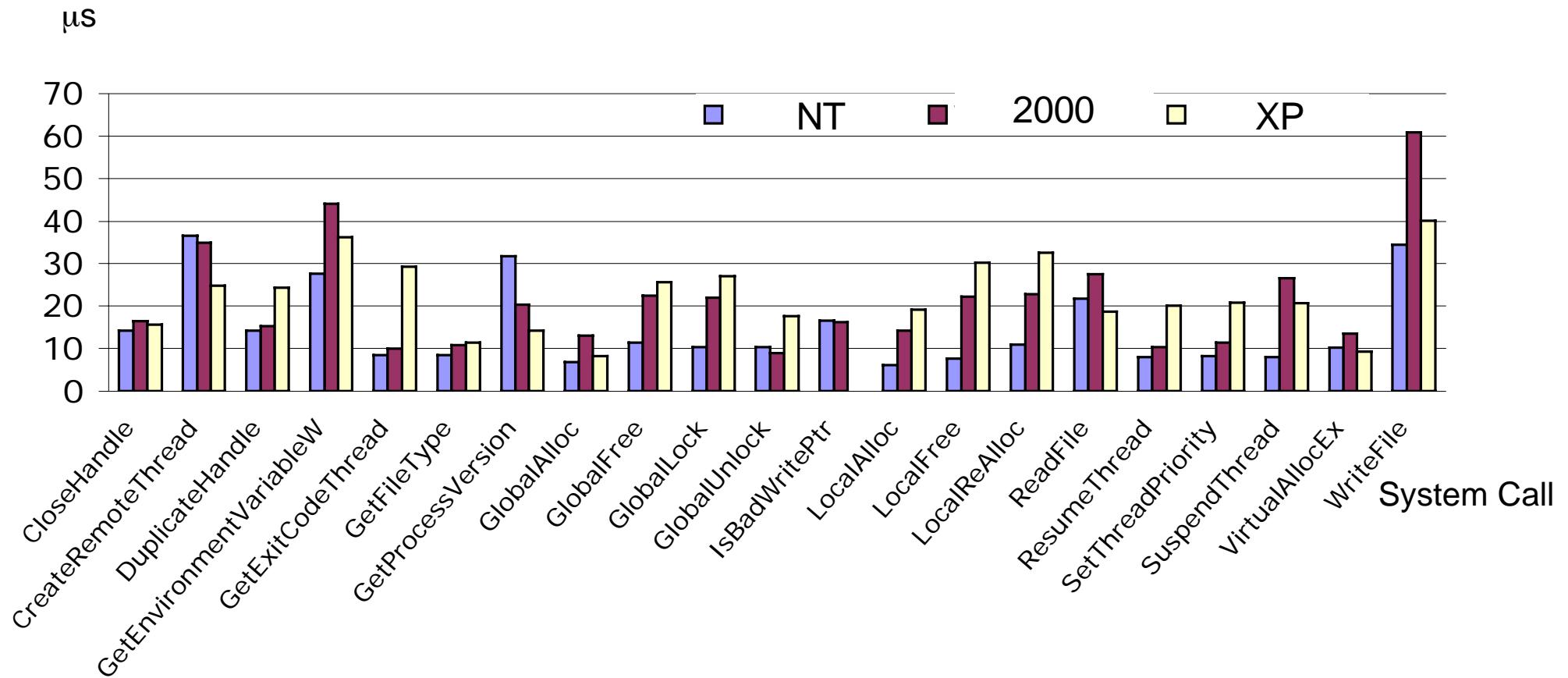
OS Reaction Time

	τ_{exec}	Texec (Std dev.)
Windows NT	344 μs	128 μs (230 μs)
Windows 2000	1782 μs	1241 μs (3359 μs)
Windows XP	111 μs	114 μs (176 μs)

Texec Error code	Texec Exception	Texec No-signaling
17 μs (18 μs)	86 μs (138 μs)	203 μs (281)
22 μs (28 μs)	973 μs (2978 μs)	2013 μs (4147)
23 μs (17 μs)	108 μs (162 μs)	165 μs (204 μs)

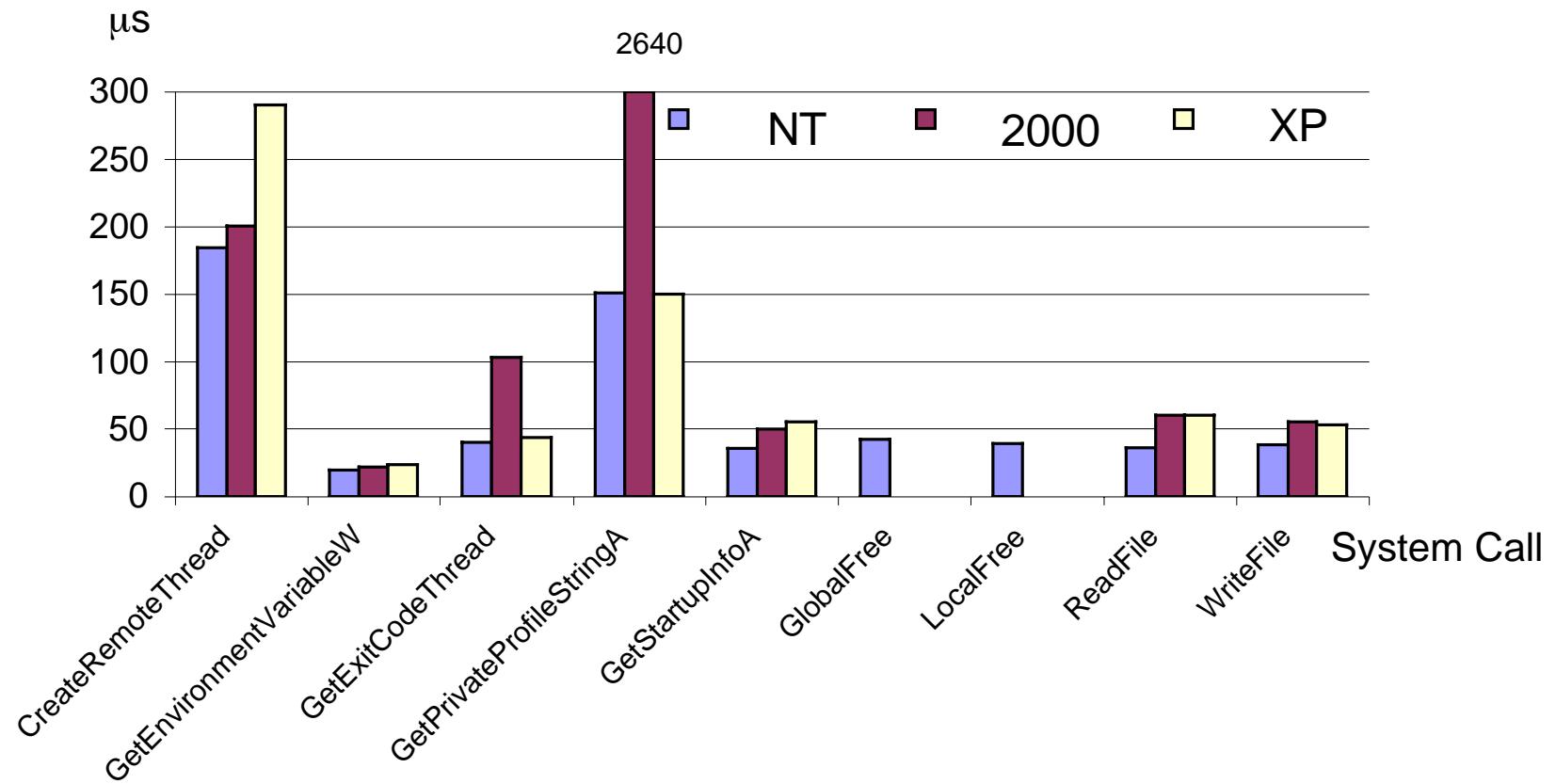
Detailed OS Reaction Time

Error Code return



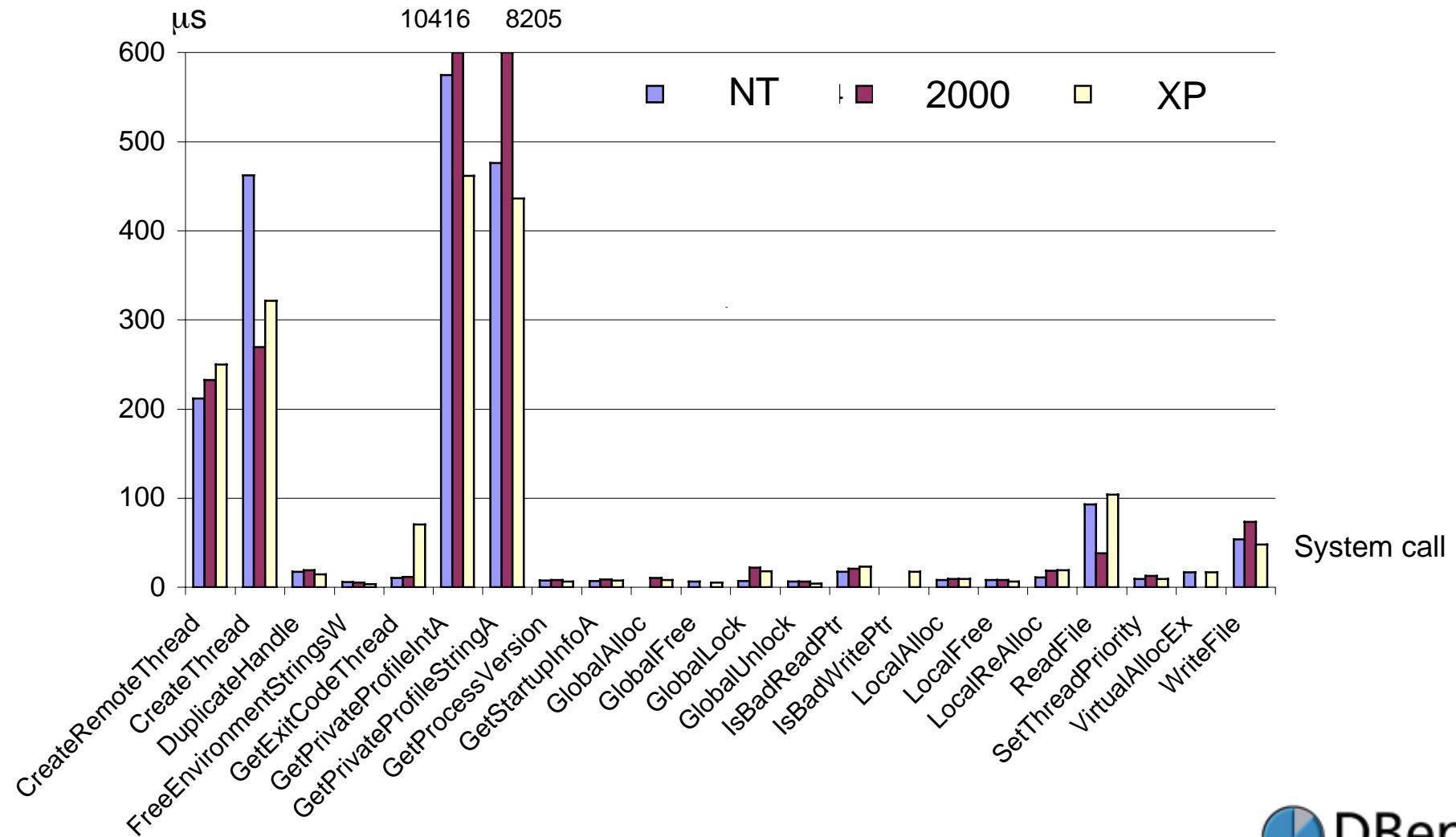
Detailed OS Reaction Time

Exception Notification



Detailed OS Reaction Time

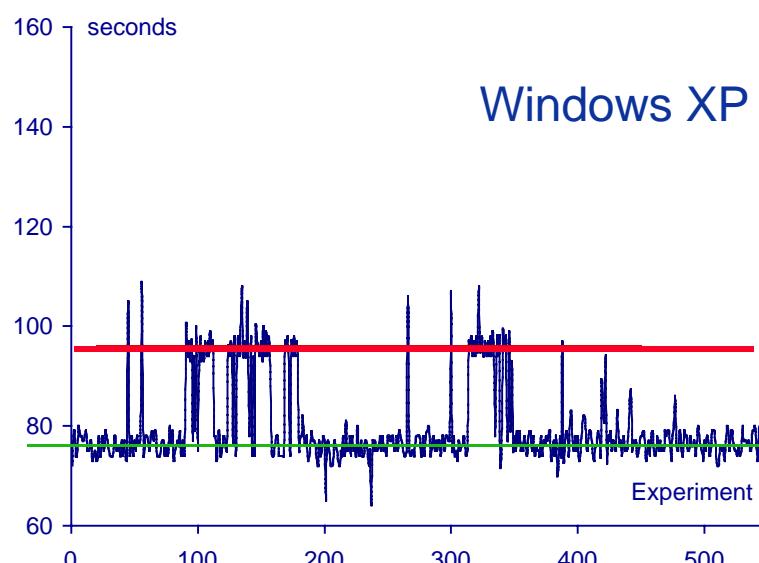
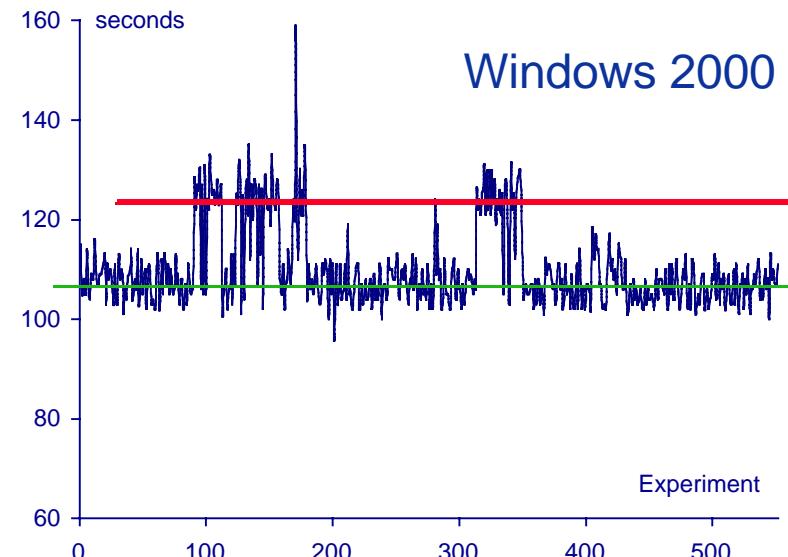
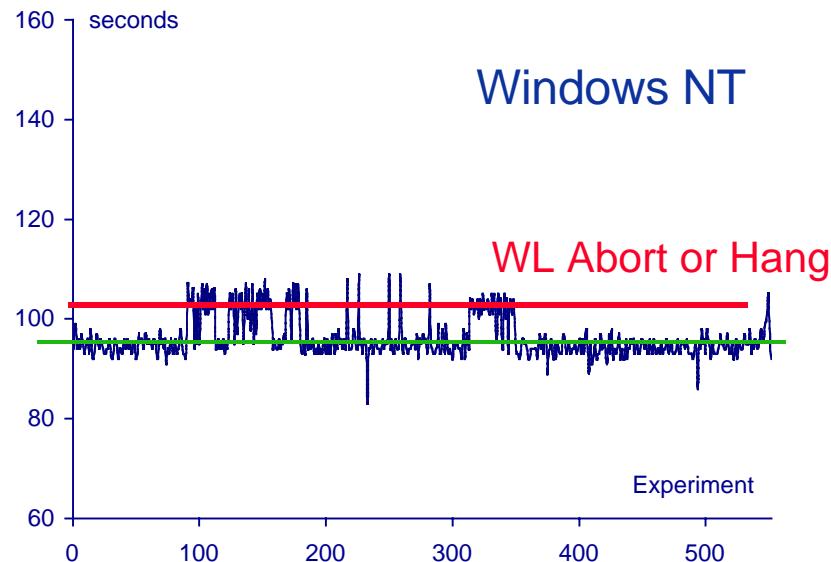
No-Signaling



OS Restart Time

	τ_{res}	Tres	Std Deviation
Windows NT	92 s	96 s	4 s
Windows 2000	105 s	109 s	8 s
Windows XP	74 s	80 s	8 s

Detailed OS Restart Time



WL Execution Time

	τ WC	TWC	Std Deviation
Windows NT	74 s	80 s	12 s
Windows 2000	70 s	74 s	13 s
Windows XP	67 s	69 s	10 s

Conclusion

- ❑ OS robustness benchmark wrt application erroneous behavior
- ❑ Dependability benchmark prototype for Windows family
- ❑ Novelty
 - ◆ Structured set of measures
 - ◆ Realistic Workload: TPC-C Client
 - ◆ Standard experimental procedures and rules
 - ◆ Benchmark properties
 - ◆ Benchmark execution duration: 2 days

❑ Validation of the benchmark

- ◆ Results in conformance with Microsoft claim
- ◆ Sensitivity study wrt to parameter corruption technique
- ◆ Sensitivity study wrt system calls corrupted
- ◆ Benchmark properties

❑ Current work

- ◆ Other OS family: Linux
- ◆ Other workload