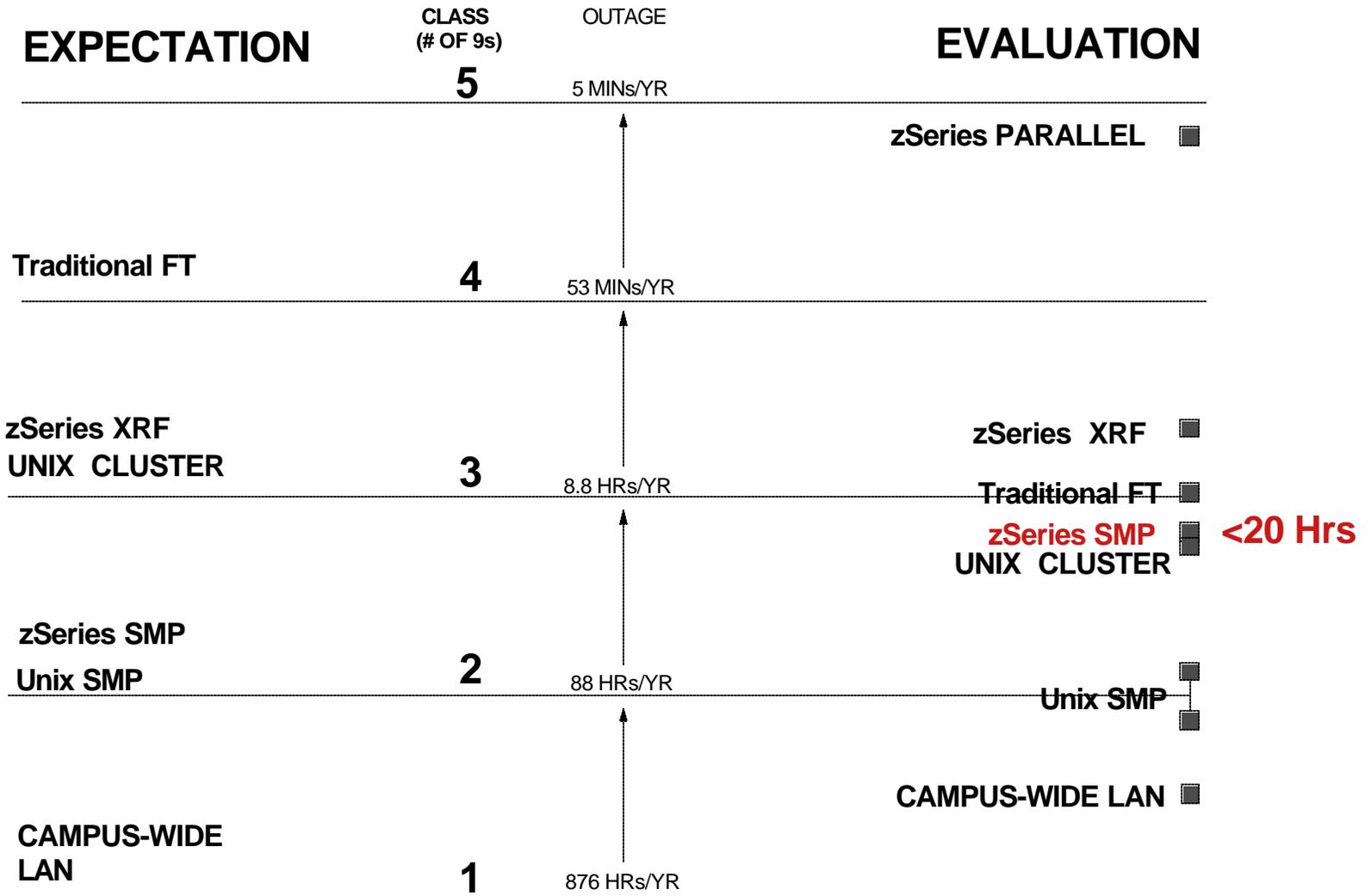


Two 45 minute talks in 20 minutes

- Server Lessons & Opportunities
- Autonomic Computing Challenge

Lisa Spainhower

AVAILABILITY BY SYSTEM TYPE



Downtime in a poorly-managed zSeries LPAR

	Impact events	Events	
ATTRIBUTION	# OUTAGES	# OUTAGES	IMPACT RATIO
Control Center	70	24	2.9
Environment	18	5	3.6
Hardware	10	1	10
Software	118*	52	2.3
Total	216	82	2.6

	OUTAGE (min)	OUTAGE (min)	IMPACT RATIO
Control Center	5202	1949	2.7
Environment	1275	454	2.8
Hardware	875	88	10
Software	6209	3062	2.0
Total	13561	5553 226 Hrs	2.4

*TM-56%, Apps-16%, DBA-14%, OS- 6%, other- 8%

Downtime in a poorly-managed zSeries LPAR

Total Outage per log: 226 hours

Per one outage/event: 93 hours

✓ # 1 Contributor is software: product & process

1818 process

453 product

791 uncertain

3062 total (51 hours)

Assume all CC outages are process (1949 min.; 32 hours)

✓ 68%-82% of all unscheduled outages are process

(63-76 hours)

✓ Technology - HW/SW - 10-24%

(9-22 hours)

Aggregated UNIX server data

Downtime Cause %	UNIX Standalone	UNIX Cluster
Hardware	42	46
Software	34	36
Other	24	18

Data from a very large well-managed Unix customer

% Unplanned downtime

HW	43.8
OS	7.8
App	7.3
Com link	18.8
DB	2.0
Environment	0.7
Supplier	0
Op tools	1.8
Process	6.2
Org/structure	0.8
Human error	5.0
Other	5.8

% Planned downtime

HW maint	26.5
OS install	1.6
App Release	34
Com link	2.5
DB admin, BU	31.5
Dis Rec Test	0
Pwr Test	0.2
Other	3.7

zSeries Hardware Fault Tolerant Design Results

- Mean Time To Repair Action = 10 months

3Q01 full fleet average

MTTF < MTTRA

Fails for which there is no associated repair include:

Cache line sparing

Memory chip sparing

Dynamic CPU sparing

- Mean Time to Application Loss = 30 years

82% of repairs are online

15% of repairs are deferred/scheduled

3% of repairs cause crash of customer application

Lessons from the 90s

- Management discipline is critical to HA
- Fault tolerant servers make a difference
- Clusters are difficult to implement

Challenges for the 00s

- Increased importance of firmware
- Circuit failure mechanisms
- State encapsulation
- On-the-fly change
- Dynamic resource allocation
- Configuration validation

What is Autonomic Computing?

What is Project eLiza?

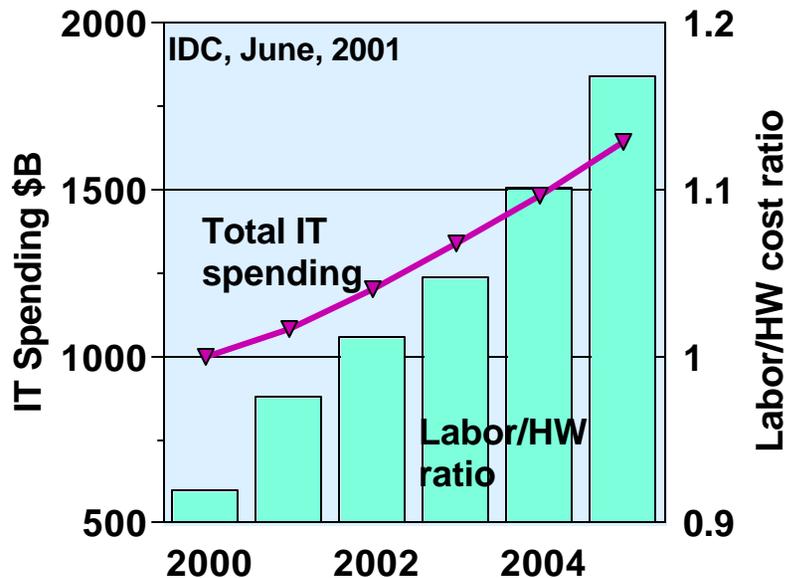
Anolis sagrei - 2,117 darwins



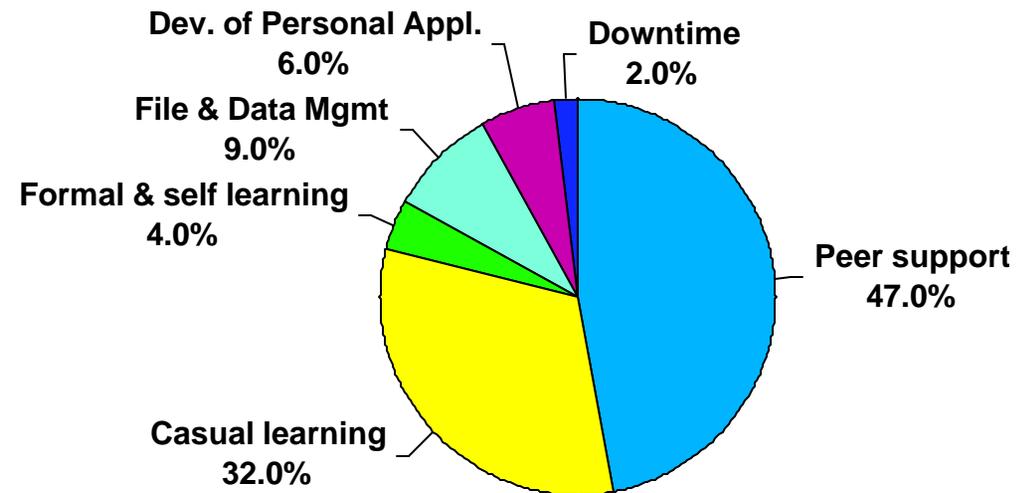
People Costs are Growing

Labor related costs are escalating, and in some cases are dominant

Worldwide I/T Spending



Indirect TCO Factors

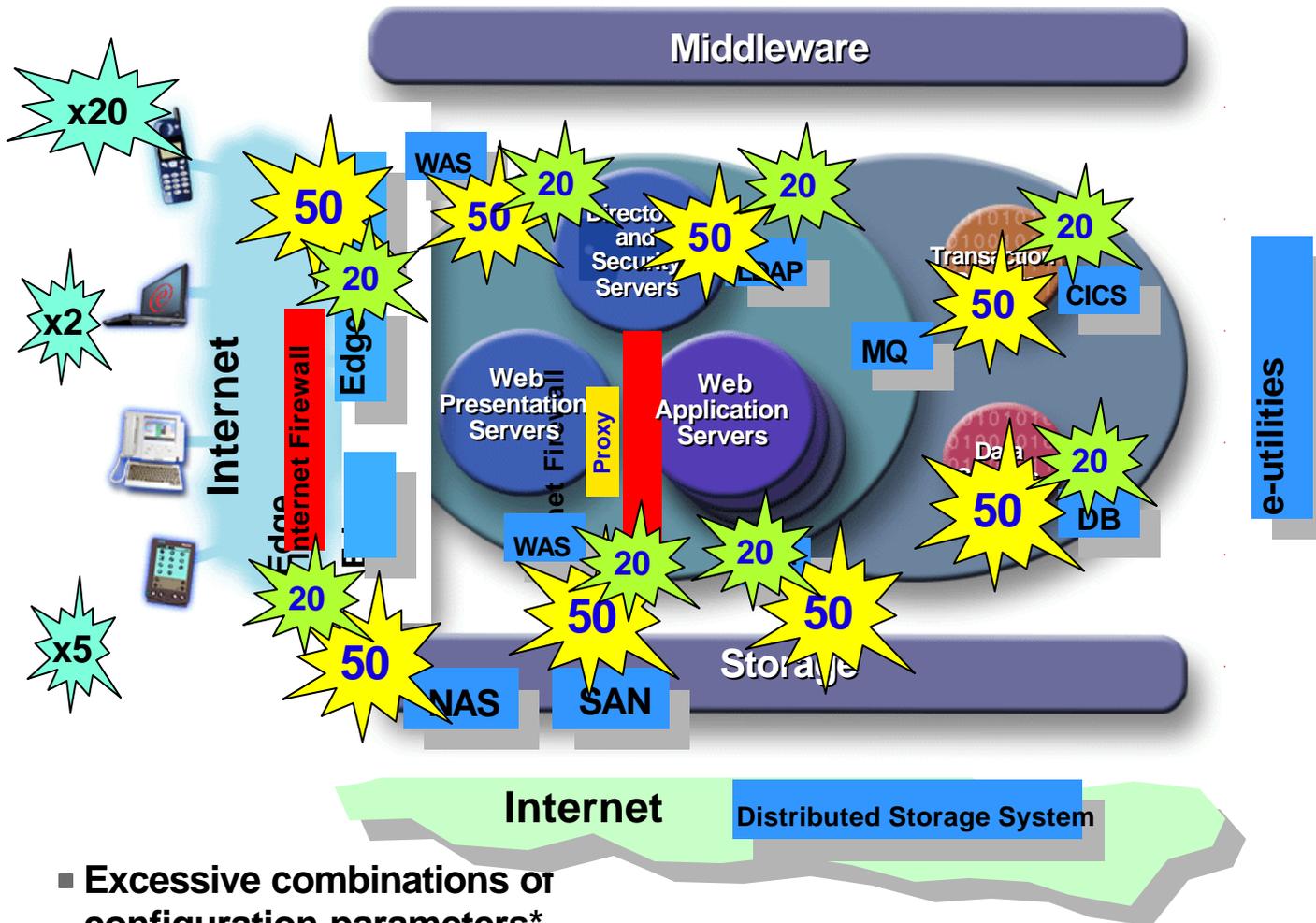


- ▶ In storage segment, labor cost is already dominant.
 - labor/HW cost ratio approaching 3X*

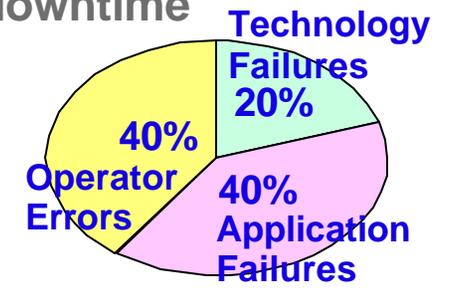
- ▶ Indirect costs may contribute > 60% of overall TCO (Gartner, 3Q99)

* based on \$120K/person, storage HW @ \$120K/TB with 4 year life and 2001 ITCentrix survey result of 0.83 person-year/TB

The System Complexity Challenge



Complexity is a major contributor to unplanned application downtime

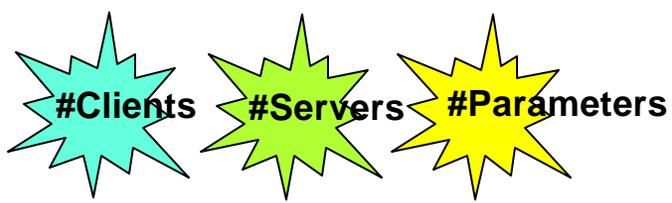


Charles Schwab & Co.
Upgrades/Operator Errors
\$70 million new investment.

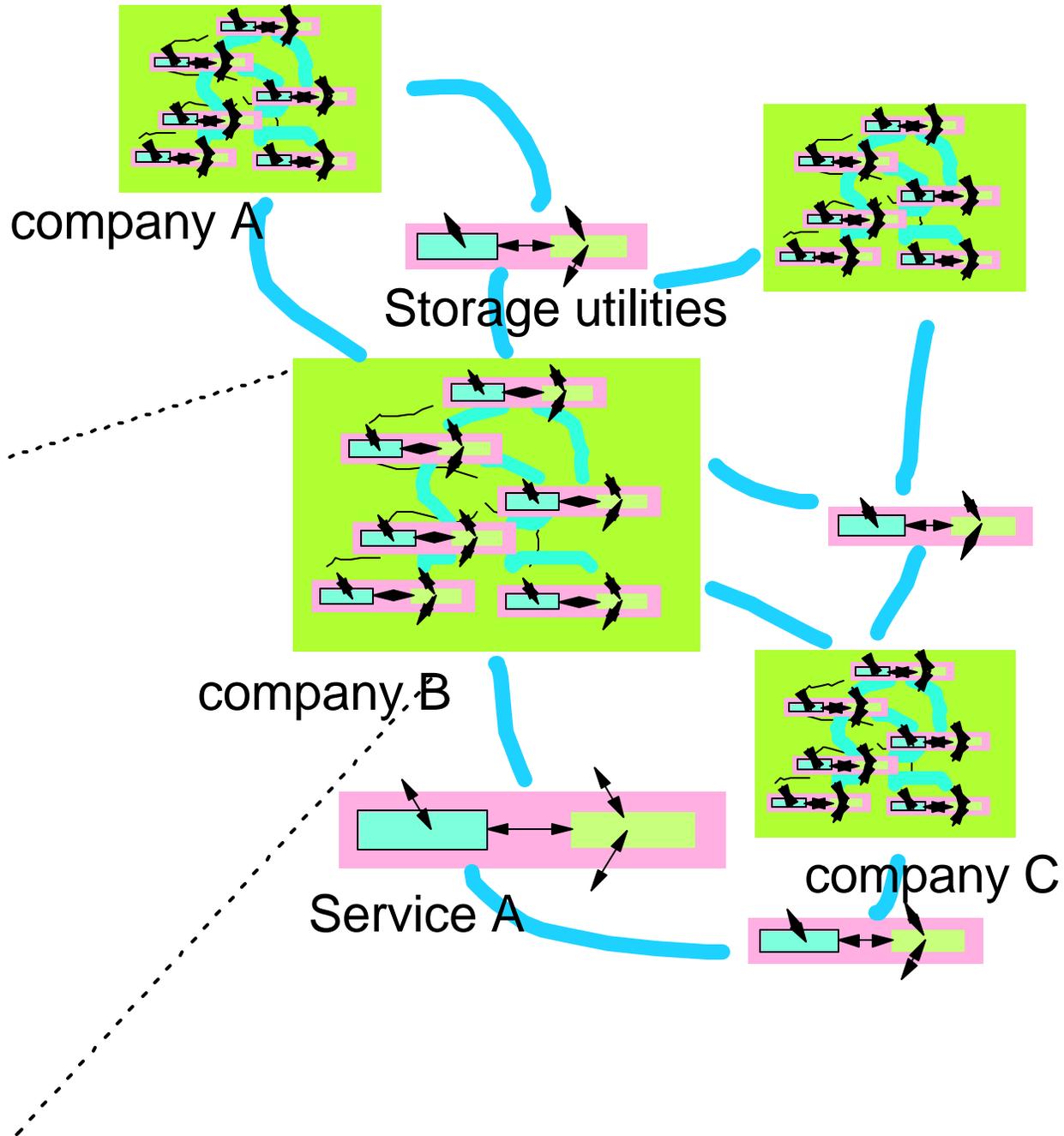
America Online
Maintenance/Human Error
Cost: \$3 million in rebates

AT&T: Software Upgrade
\$40 million in rebates

- Excessive combinations of configuration parameters*
 - Unknown dependencies
 - HW & SW version control issues
 - Increased security exposure
- * not all combinations need to be independent



Federated Systems



Survivability

"The ability of a system to **dynamically** fulfill its mission

✓ in a timely manner

✓ in the presence of attacks,

✓ **changes,**

✓ failures or accidents."



self-optimizing

self-protecting

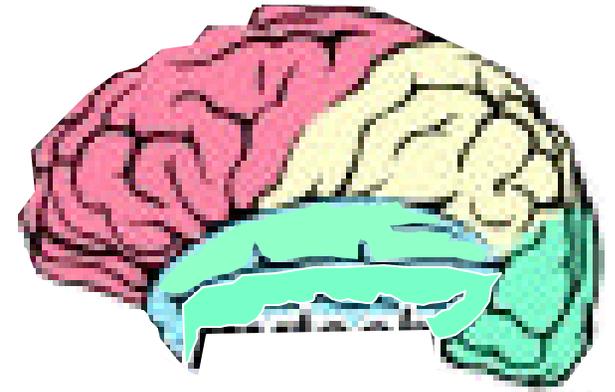
self-configuring

self-healing

Howard Lipson CERT/CC
(with additions by LS)



Triune Brain



BRAIN

FUNCTION

eLIZA

Human

Reason

Classic AI
Apps & Service

Mammal

Emotion

People/IT staff

Lizard
Computing

Survival

Autonomic

Self-managing



Technology Roadmap for Autonomic Computing

Core Areas	Autonomic Elements	Autonomic & Federated Systems	
SLA Spec. / Enforcement	SLA Spec. Lang. Resource SLA Mgmt	End-to-End SLA Mgmt	Negotiation and Brokering SLOs
Policy Mgmt.	Element level policy and enforcement	Translate Bus Policy to element policies	Policy based optimization
Resource Mgmt.	Work Load Management	P2P	Federated Work Load Management
Security	Intrusion detection	Problem isolation	Federated Intrusion Detection
Problem Determination	Element level Problem Determination & Resolution		End-to-End Problem Determination & Resolution
Optimization / Algorithms	Agents	Adaptive/Learning Theory Control Theory Dependency Analysis	Distributed Alg. & Control Continual Optimization
Automation		Automated Recovery/ Installation/ Config. Mgmt	
Tools	Sensors, Instrumentation	Scripting common tasks	Scripting sensors & control
	2001	2004	2007

The (work in progress) Challenge:

Create a global system of interoperable services that can be selected and provisioned dynamically in response to changing business conditions, enabling failure recovery and optimization and ensuring privacy and security, automatically and transparently to the businesses that use these services.